THE NAPANEE EXPRESS

Vol. LXII No 18 —E J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor. NAPANEE, ONTARIO, CANADA—TUESDAY, APRIL 3rd, 1923. $1.50 per year in advance

Good Luck

is thought to go a long way, but Good Judgment goes farther. TO USE

"SALADA"

IS GOOD JUDGMENT. 1945

"The Tea that is always Reliable."

DOXSEE & CO.

SPRING FASHIONS

Our new models in Hats are here for you to see, with fresh arrivals daily, representing all that is new and smart in styles, materials and colors.

Exclusive in design.

Misses' and Children's Hats in a large variety of shapes.

Colors: Brown, Navy, Black, Toast, Delph Blue, and Flame.

Practical Front Corsets

All the newest Spring Models, in all sizes, now in stock.

The Leading Millinery House

Columbia Blue Serge

is guaranteed to stand sun, sea and air.

The Best Serge Made

Our price for the month of April $45.00 a Suit.

Tailored to Your order

W.W.ADAMS

MERCHANT TAILOR

Newburgh, - Ont.

H. W. GALLAGHER

The People's Auctioneer

My experience in handling a number of very successful sales has convinced my patrons that I am capable of handling any sale and guarantee to give you perfect satisfaction.

List your sales with me.

H. W. GALLAGHER.

Phone 10 ring 1-3,
Adolphustown. 11-3-m

CHAS. STEVENS

Agent for the Northwest Fire Insurance Company.

This company is guaranteed by the Union Assurance Society of London, England.

Office opposite Bell Telephone Office, Napanee, Ont. 19-1y

TO LET—35 acres garden, good locality, convenient. Possession April 1st. Apply C. M. WILSON, Napanee. 17-b

LOST—In Camden East or Newburgh, an amount of money, between two and four p.m., on 31st ult. Finder suitably rewarded. J. C. DOYLE.

FURNITURE FOR SALE—Separator, incubator, wicker chairs and other household furniture. Apply F. F. MILLER, Napanee. 9-tf

FOR SALE—Two heavy work horses and a general purpose brown mare, 8 years old. Going up farming and must sell. Apply MICHAEL MYLO, R.R. 2, Napanee. 14-e-p

HOUSE FOR SALE—Desirable frame house on Bridge street, west. Electric lights, water, never failing well. Apply A. O. VANLUVEN.

ALWAYS a number of farms and houses in town for sale. Owners may also list property for sale at low terms. No sale, no charge. T. B. GERMAN, Barrister, Napanee, Ont. 6-tf

LOST—A bright blue Spring Hat, on the Selby road, between Napanee and Sharpe's Corners. Finder please notify Box 570, Napanee, or leave same at the EXPRESS OFFICE.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—Small place, ideal for poultry and bees. New barn, small house, new fences. On Slash Road, 2½ miles west of Napanee. Apply MRS. MARY McMORINE, box 598, Napanee. 18-c-p

PURE BRED TAMWORTH BOAR for service. Morrison Laddie, 6-15778, full brother of pure bred Tamworth Champion at C. N. E. last fall. Fee $1.00. STANLEY SENSMITH, 2½ miles west of Selby. 17-b-p

FARMS FOR SALE—I have 50 farms in the vicinity of Napanee for sale, ranging from two acres to 200, at all prices. Also 20 houses and lots in Napanee. See me if you want to buy. Insurance of all kinds. F. J. BOGART. 14-tf

NOTICE

By order of County Council, I hereby notify the public that all persons are forbidden to cut down or in any way destroy or injure any trees standing and growing on any of the Provincial County or County Roads, unless directed to do so by the County Road Superintendent. All parties disregarding this notice by cutting down or damaging said trees, will be prosecuted.

W. G. WILSON,
County Clerk.

Dated Napanee, 24th March, 1923. 17-d

A. E. PAUL

Clerk 1st Division Court

INSURANCE.

Office:
OVER HENRY'S BOOKSTORE.

The Wage Earner's Bank

EVERY wage earner should feel that his savings account, however small it may be, is welcomed at any branch of this Bank. The man or woman with a few dollars to deposit is afforded the same prompt and careful attention as the depositor with a large amount. It is our constant aim to extend to all our depositors every possible courtesy and service.

THE DOMINION BANK

NAPANEE BRANCH — G. PATTON CARR, Manage

Robin Branch, open Tuesday, Thursday and Friday, April 30th to November 15th.
Thursday and Friday from November 15th to April 30th.

Your Seed Grain

TO obtain maximum yields you need to sow Tested Seed Grain. To purchase good seed you may require financial assistance

Extending accommodation for such purposes is an important phase of Standard Service.

Consult our local Manager

THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA

TOTAL ASSETS OVER EIGHTY-THREE MILLIONS

Napanee Branch, R. R. White, Manager.
Branches also at Belleville, Brighton, Camden East, Desoronto, Newburgh, Picton, Trenton and Kingston.

THE PASSING SHOW OF 1923

STRAND THEATRE, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS, AND SATURDAY MATINEE, APRIL 13TH AND 14th, 1923.

This production is produced by amateurs on a professional scale. It consists of ten parts, each one being a distinct offering. There are two complete plays included in the program, as well as several songs, but the motif through the whole of the entertainment is the dance.

The first number is the play, "Fairies," which was produced with such success a few weeks ago. The average age of the cast of this play is about fourteen, but they carry on with the ease and poise of a professional troupe. There is a great variety of dances throughout this play, each couple performing a specialty dance, which entertains the spectator from Scotland to Mexico, while Miss Rouette Dalton does two solo fairy dances as well as a Spanish number with her partner.

Mr. Gallagher and Mr. Shean will once more appear, and, should the audience desire an encore, they state that they are once more prepared to discuss several local topics in song.

Miss Jean Macpherson, of Toronto, who will be remembered from a previous appearance in Napanee during the war, will give a scarf dance and another of her own selection.

One of the scenes will depict the Temple at Zarrataj in Burmah. Miss Rouette Dalton will appear as the Idol Dancer and Miss Jean Macpherson as the Goddess of Maj Mulp Der.

Mrs. Katherine Powell, who needs no introduction to a Napanee audience, will give the orchestra a busy time while she is on the stage.

A Very Wooden Soldier (James Carr) and a very Lurid Toy Doll (Miss Helen Davy) will, when properly wound up, do a dance that is all their own.

Lum Wah (Allan Walters) and San Toy (Rouette Dalton) will give an exhibition of quite the latest thing in Chinese dances.

The management has promised to the "stage hand go round front" for a few moments and would ask the indulgence of the audience for any lapses on his part.

The final number is a complete play in three acts entitled The Model Policeman and the Beautiful Heiress, or How He Married Her, but She Didn't Marry Him. It has never been produced before and probably never will be produced again so do not miss the chance to see this burlesque, and especially the Model Policeman.

Increase Your Egg Profits.

Best poultry tonics and remedies, Oyster Shell, Beef and Bone Scrap, Granite Grit. WILSON'S HARDWARE.

PUBLIC NOTICE

To milk delivery and all other loaded vehicles. During the month of April no vehicle having a carrying capacity exceeding one ton shall carry a load in excess of one half the rated carrying capacity of such vehicle, while upon any highway. Otherwise parties will be prosecuted. By order,

S. BRIEN,
High Constable, L. & A. 18-c

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the Estate of Jacob Foster, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to Chapter 121 of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1914, Section 56, and amending Acts, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Jacob S. Foster, late of the City of Napanee, in the County of Lennox and Addington, gentleman, deceased, who died on or about the 27th day of January, A.D., 1923, are required to deliver or send by post prepaid to Messrs. Herrington, Warner & Grange, Napanee, Ontario, solicitors for Marshall Campbell Bogart, Executor of the last will and testament of the said Jacob S. Foster, deceased, on or before the 4th day of May, A.D., 1923, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, with full particulars of their claims or demands duly verified, and the nature of the security (if any) held by them.

And further take notice that after the said 4th day of May, A.D., 1923, the said Executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or demands of which he shall then have received notice, and shall not be liable for the said assets, or any part thereof so distributed, to any person or persons of whose claims or demands he shall not have received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE,
Solicitors for the said Executor
Dated this 31st day of March, 1923.

Sap Supplies.

Sap buckets and spoiles. WILSON'S HARDWARE.

PICKING LOSING SIDE

Bulgarian Politician Punished For War Activities.

Ministers In the Radoslavoff Cabinet Were Responsible for Getting Bulgaria Into the Great War on the Side of the Teutons, And Those Who Are Not in Exile Will Serve Prison Term.

SOFIA, Bulgaria, April 3.—All the members of the Radoslavoff Cabinet have been found guilty of the charge of having brought their country into the World War on the German side. All of them have been sentenced to imprisonment.

Only five of the accused Ministers attended the trial. M. Radoslavoff and General Boyadieff, who was Minister of War, fled the country; three of the other Ministers are in hospitals, and one of the accused died in prison. Six of the accused were sentenced to life imprisonment. They are: Vassil Radoslavoff, formerly Premier and Minister of Interior; Dimitri Tontchef, Minister of Finance; Pierre Peshef, Minister of Public Instruction; Dr. Tontchef, Minister of Agriculture; Ivan Popoff, Minister of Justice; Dobry Petkoff, Minister of Public Works.

General Nadenoff, former Minister of War, was sentenced and five other generals from five to ten years. The convicted men were ordered to pay damages amounting to $2,700,000,000 lira.

Radoslavoff left Sofia after the Bulgarian collapse in 1918. He went to Berlin where he remained for a considerable time, but eventually departed from that city, fearing assassination.

M. Apostoloff, former Minister of Railways, Posts and Telegraphs, and Gen. N. Jenkof, commander-in-chief of the army, were both sentenced to ten years.

PERFORMED DARING FEAT.

Chopped Body of Drowned Man From an Ice-field.

WINDSOR, April 3. — Braving treacherous ice floes in a frail rowboat, and facing death several times, Alfred Erickson of Wyandotte battled for ten hours Saturday to recover the body of a man embedded in the ice, only to find the corpse was not that of his brother, as he had been led to believe.

Harry Erickson was drowned in the ice fields recently, and Alfred escaped by staying afoot in the icey waters until rescuers came.

Erickson was told by a Windsor friend that he had seen the body encased in heavy ice in American waters near Fighting Island, on the Canadian side of the river.

For eight hours, without interruption, Erickson chopped the ice to uncover the body. He dropped his axe in despair when the task was completed and he found the corpse was not that of his brother.

Officials of the Harbormaster's Department identified the body as that of Alexander Erbransberger, a marine reporter of Detroit, who was drowned on December 15. Erbransberger lost his life when his motor boat capsized in a violent storm.

Asquith On His Dignity.

LONDON, April 2.—Former Premier H. H. Asquith, Leader of the Independent Liberal party, in declining the invitation from Liberals of Leeds to meet Lloyd George, Leader of the National Liberal group, at luncheon as a means of assisting the plan for a reunion of the Liberal wings, expresses the opinion that it would be better to postpone the function until progress has been made with active Liberal co-operation in the House of Commons and the constituencies, which he is most confident can be advanced a further stage.

Mr. Asquith says past experience has shown that consolidation upon specific issues of grave and vital principle is the best cement for party unity. He heartily sympathizes with the objects of the federation, and greatly regrets his inability to accept the invitation.

War Hero Gets Fortune.

PRINCE ALBERT, Sask., April 2. —After a year's search by private detectives, Dr. R. C. Gilmour, V.C., has been located on a farm at Canwood, between Prince Albert and Big River. The object of the officers' search was to acquaint him with the fact that he had been left a fortune of $75,000 by his grandmother, Lady Jean Gilmour, of Newton Mearns, Glasgow, Scotland. Dr. Gilmour was attached to the Gordon Highlanders during the great war and received his V.C. for carrying his wounded colonel off the field in face of heavy fire during the retreat from Mons, on October 21, 1914.

Two Arrested in Winnipeg.

WINNIPEG, April 2.—Alfred M. "Dad" Scheer, recently acquitted at Brandon, on a charge of complicity in the Union Bank robbery at Melita, Man., and George Doyle, an alleged female accomplice, were arrested here Sunday and charged with being connected with systematic shoplifters' operations, which, according to the police, are expected to reveal depredations amounting to more than $5,000.

Coal Carrier Departs.

CLEVELAND, April 2.—The barge Sagamore, the first coal carrier to sail, cleared for St. Clair at 10 o'clock Friday in tow of the tug Custodian. More cargoes will be delivered in the lower rivers next week.

Thirty Escape From Jail.

DUBLIN, April 3.—Thirty prisoners escaped from Limerick Jail Saturday by means of a tunnel. Two of them were recaptured.

Miss Mary MacSwiney was arrested again on Thursday, but was released yesterday.

ADOLPHUSTOWN.

The soft weather of last week brought out the wheels, but with the revival of winter, runners have returned.

Moving seems to be the order of the day. W. Platt, B. Platt, C. Young and G. Leavitt with their respective families have all moved to Hayburn neighborhood. Mr. Pike, Napanee, has moved on the farm vacated by Messrs. Platt. F. Harnden is moving to Dorland.

Earl Trumpour had the misfortune to cut his foot badly while chopping wood. Dr. Duffet found it necessary to put in several stitches.

F. Westervelt is on the sick list. G. Magee is able to be at work again.

Miss G. Chalmers and Albert Chalmers have been confined to the house by illness.

A. W. Allison has returned after spending three months at Winterhaven, Florida.

Miss Mildred Johnston, nurse-in-training, is holidaying under the parental roof.

The cold weather has halted sugar making for the present.

MILLHAVEN.

A very sad death occurred here on Thursday last, when Frank Babcock, aged nineteen, was called to his highest home. He met with an accident at the mill of Robert Rickey about half past eleven and four hour he passed away. He was a very bright young man and had a smile for everyone. A very large crowd followed the funeral, which was held on Saturday afternoon, and was conducted by Rev. A. C. Hoffman, who spoke well of Frank. In his sudden bereavement he will be sorrowing mother, three brothers and three sisters. The floral offerings were: Mother, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Rickey and family and his friends of Millhaven, also sheafs from Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Emery and family, Mr. Harold Rickey and Miss Francis Rickey, Toronto. The remains were placed in the vault to await interment.

Miss Helen Emery, of Toronto, spent Easter with Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Emery.

Mr. Harold Rickey, of Toronto, attended the funeral of Frank Babcock.

School has closed for Easter holidays.

Make Your Old Car

Look like new, and do it yourself. Use Martin-Senour Automobile Enamel and you will be pleased with the result. Sold only at WILSON'S HARDWARE.

MOSCOW NORTH.

We are still having very cold and stormy weather.

The community was shocked when they heard of the death of Miss Sproule, trained nrse, who died at Mr. Bert Jackson's, Enterprise, on Monday night last.

Mrs. Wellesley Coulter is ill with la grippe.

Mr. Oscar Vanvolkenburgh, of Newburgh, is spending a few days under the parental roof.

Mrs. Henry Reid entertained a number of ladies on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Cecil King spent Thursday evening with Mr. and Mrs. Sanford Keech.

Mr. and Mrs. Miles Carl spent Friday with friends at Colebrook.

Mrs. Norman Jackson spent Friday with Mrs. Nelson Bell, Enterprise.

Mr. Oscar Vanvolkenburgh is spending some time at Wilkson.

Miss Delta Bell, of Enterprise, spent a Sunday recently with Mr. and Mrs. Wellesley Coulter.

Miss Ella Evans is spending some time at Mrs. John Patterson's.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Vanvolkenburgh and baby spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Will Ritchie.

Mr. Murray Wagar called at Mr. John Vanvolkenburgh's on Friday.

Mr. Frank McLaren spent Thursday at Enterprise.

Mr. Elias Jackson and son returned home after spending several weeks at Harlowe in the lumber business.

Ask for free box of Mentholatum, at WALLACE'S.

CENTREVILLE.

The weather continues very cold with raw winds and a heavy snow fall on Sunday last.

There was a good attendance at church on Sunday last to hear the Rev. M. Wicks, of Newburgh. All are glad to hear that Mr. Henry Card will soon be home from the Kingston Hospital, much improved in health.

Mrs. Fred Milligan spent a few days with her mother, Mrs. W. J. McGill, who has been ill for a few days.

Mrs. A. N. Lapum spent Monday afternoon with Mrs. Stanley McKeown.

Mr. Fred Dickson is spending a few days with Mr. Percy Gerow, Newburgh.

Mrs. Jerry Donevan, Tamworth, is spending a few days here.

Mrs. Mortimer Lochhead is visiting with Mrs. Arthur Baker, Moscow, for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth Weese attended Grand Lodge at Picton last week.

Mr. Frank Thompson and family have moved to the village, where he intends making cheese in the stock factory the coming season.

The W.M.S. intend having a sugar social in the Methodist church on Friday evening, April 6th. A good programme is being provided.

Where there is a baby in the home, a Thermos bottle is a real necessity. All Thermos bottles at the old price. For sale at WALLACE'S.

Liberal Convention!

A Convention of the Liberals of the Riding of Lennox for the selection of a candidate to represent the riding in the coming Provincial Election, will be held in the

Town Hall, Napanee

—on—

Thursday, April 5th, 1923

at 3 p.m.

MR. SAM. CLARK, M. P. P., Cobourg,

will address the meeting.

STORMS' CORNERS.

Mr. Gerald Hill and Miss Grace Hill spent Saturday and Sunday last at their uncle's, Mr. W. Hill, Frederickburgh.

Mr. C. Menor in starting a gasoline engine, met with avery painful accident, the crank flying off and hitting him in the mouth, cutting his lips and loosening a number of teeth.

Mr. G. H. Parrott made a flying trip to Belleville, to see his cousin, Mrs. Mullen, who underwent a serious operation at the Belleville hospital.

Mrs. A. Hagerman's mother, Mrs. Stevens, is gradually recovering from her long illness.

All were pleased to see the milk truck on the road again last week, but think now that it was trying to rush the season when those who got their syrup supplies.

For winter use nothing can equal our New Electric Louse Powder for horses and cattle. For sale only at WALLACE'S.

EASTER EXAMS.

S. S. No. 4, Richmond.

600 marks required to pass.

IV—Douglas Miles 748; Gordon Johnson 695, Kenneth Grange 655.

540 marks required to pass.

SR. III—Garnet Grange 643, Gladys Post 577.

420 marks required to pass.

JR. III—Cecil Denison 593, Luella French 585, Dan Jasnes 540.

420 marks to pass.

Job Jaynes 454, Ronald Denison 449.

SR. I—Gardner Post.

JR. I—Mildred Sampson.

SR. PR.—Howard French, Betty Jayne.

Following absent from exams.: Aggie Baldwin, Delbert Miles, Helen Huff.

M. H. BAKER, Teacher.

The original Wampole's Wine of Cod Liver Oil, fresh in, at WALLACE'S.

REPORT S. S. No. 24, CAMDEN.

SENIOR ROOM.

Names in order of merit.

SR. IV—Annie Graham (honors), Kathleen Wagar (honors), John Wagar (honors), Alfreda Clancy, Mona Kellar, equal; Jean Wagar, Oscar Fenwick, Walter Keech.

JR. IV—Nellie Wagar, Eveline Keech.

SR. III—Marguerite Wagar (honors), Donald Kellar, George Spratt.

JR. III—Donald Jackson, Stanley Spratt, Gerald Loucks, Lila Snider, Forde Wagar, Frances Covert, William Hartwick, George Hartwick (absent), Glenn Wagar (absent).

EDNA A. MAGEE,
Principal.

JUNIOR ROOM.

SR. II—Annie Clark, Ronald Jackson, Florence Brown, Melissa Wagar, Muriel Loucks, Leon Kellar, Lorne Smith (on trial), Florence Murphy (on trial).

JR. II—Ford Fenwick, Lillie Wilson, Glen Sparks, Oscar Mintz, Muriel Brown, Jimmy Hartwick, Deverde Smith, Elsie King, Deverde Wagar, Bessie Cooper (on trial).

JR. I—Birdie Harten, Madeleine Spratt.

SR. PR.—Harold Bell, Arthur Bell, Rosena Wagar, George Lockwood, Ila Cronk, Elmore Green.

Those marked * attended less than 80 per cent. of the time due to sickness.

MAE ROGERSON,
Assistant Teacher.

Bituminous nut coal, suitable for grates, Quebec heaters and furnaces. $13.00 per ton delivered.

17-b VANLUVEN'S COAL YARD.

SIX BIG POINTS IN ADVERTISING.

The shortest distance between buyer and seller is advertising.

It is the business of advertising to sell goods. It is the business of the advertiser to deliver them.

There is no question about what is good advertising. If it doesn't pay it isn't good.

Advertising assists the merchant to deliver the goods at the lowest cost. That's service.

Practicing what you preach is the first step. Advertising is the second.

Spending money to get more money is a phase of better business that appeals to many.

Walladerma (Winterbalm) is splendid for chapped hams. 25c. a bottle, at WALLACE'S.

BATH.

Mr. and Mrs. Norman Rikley, who have been seriously ill, are slightly improved.

Mr. Wm. Brown, who has been quite ill, is also improving.

Mr. Beadle, of Montreal, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Wartman.

Mr. D. H. Robinson is improving after his recent illness.

Mr. Harry Hazelton underwent a successful operation at the Kingston General Hospital on Sunday last. His many friends hope for a speedy recovery.

Mrs. Keller, who has been ill at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Harry Mott, is improving.

Mrs. Roy Buttan was called to the bedside of her mother in Kingston, who is seriously ill.

Fancy Candles, all colors, at WALLACE'S.

WILTON.

The Women's Missionary Society met at the home of Mrs. Eldridge Babcock, on Wednesday afternoon, March 21st, with a large attendance of members. The annual business meeting and election of officers took place. The officers are: President, Mrs. A. W. Babcock; first vice-president, Mrs. Lathan Clark; secretary, Mrs. Kenneth Babcock; recording secretary, Miss Gladys Wallace, treasurer; Mrs. Charles Stover; organist, Miss Dorothy Neilson.

A sacred drama entitled "The Challenge of the Cross" by seven ladies, was given on Good Friday evening, also appropriate music by the male quartette and others.

Stewart Power Horse Clippers.

And clipper plates. Newmarket hand clippers. WILSON'S HARDWARE.

ROBLIN.

The services in the Methodist church on Sunday evening were conducted by the M. S. and were largely attended.

Miss M. Roberts is spending the holidays at her home in Kingston.

Miss Eva Young, Napanee, spent the week-end at Mr. G. F. Kimmett's.

Mr. D. H. Lasher has purchased Mr. Willis Smith's house and lot in the village.

Mr. and Mrs. John Gollinger, Selby, took dinner Wednesday last with Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Kimmett.

We are having very cold weather for this time of year.

There has not been much maple syrup made yet and Easter Sunday is usually the best run of the season.

The Marlbank Dramatic Club are giving their play, "She Would be a Widow," on Friday evening in the Orange Hall. Come and enjoy yourself.

Save the Surface.

And you save all. Martin-Senour 100 per cent. pure paints and varnishes have made a reputation for themselves. Every can guaranteed. Other lines of prepared paints at $1.10 per qt. at WILSON' SHARDWARE.

VEGETABLES SOLD BY WEIGHT AND GRADE.

Patrons of grocery stores will probably have observed displayed in the stores a sign reading "Vegetables Sold by Weight and Grade—The Root Vegetables Act, 1922." Those who have made purchases of vegetables since this date have no doubt observed will have learned that these products are no longer sold by measure and without reference to grade, as has been the custom in the past.

For the information of the readers of this paper it is pointed out that the vegetables that have to be sold by weight are potatoes, onions, artichokes, beets, carrots, turnips, and parsnips. When any of these are sold with the top leaves attached, they are excluded from the operations of the act. Other exceptions include potatoes sold in closed barrels, new potatoes shipped between the 1st of June and the end of September, and seed potatoes. The act also regulates the marking and packing as well as the size of the potato barrel.

The Act governing these regulations is administered by the Fruit Branch of the Dominion Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, and copies of it may be obtained from the Publications Branch of that Department.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

The DURANT Car

SEE THE NEW

STAR CAR

NOW ON EXHIBITION AT OUR GARAGE.

Gasolene, Oils and Greases, Tires and Accessories.

NORMILE'S GARAGE

Durant Sales and Service, East Street.

Open Day and Night. Give us a call.

D. R. HALL, M.D.,C.M.

Office of the late Dr. T. W. Simpson, East Street.

Office Hours—1.30, 4.30 p.m., 7 to 9 p.m.
'Phone 42. 20-tf

J. B. WILLOUGHBY, M.D., C.M.

Corner Dundas and Robinson Streets.

Office Hours :—2 p.m. to 5 p.m., 7 p.m. to 8 p.m.
'Phone 307. 32-tf

Dr. S. R. McCreary, B.Sc.
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X-Ray a Specialty
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Opposite City Hall
'Phone 1200

W. T. BAIRD
ORGANIST AND CHOIR DIRECTOR
of Trinity Methodist Church
Teacher of Piano, Organ and Voice Culture.
A few pupils will be accepted.
Studio—West Street.

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP
HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.
Everything Neat and Sanitary
Best of Service Guaranteed.

GIVE US A TRIAL

H. W. SMITH
Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College. B. V. Sc., of Toronto University.
OFFICE—Centre Street.
PHONE 61

R. A. LEONARD, M. D., C. P. S.
Physician Surgeon, Etc.
Late House Surgeon of the Kingston General Hospital
Office—North side of Dundas St., between West and Robert Sts., Napanee.

T. M. GALBRAITH
B. A., M. D., C. M.
Cor. Dundas and West Streets
Specialty—Diseases of Children.
Office hours—Until 9 a. m. 1 p. m. till 3 p. m. 7 till 9 p. m.
Telephone—279.

FARMERS — ATTENTION
BEET MEAL is moving fast.
Have a few tons of fine Oat Feed at $1.00 per cwt., $20 per ton.
A car of nice bright corn just in at $2.00 per cwt.
S. CASEY DENISON'S
CENTRE STREET, NORTH.
'Phone 101.

BUY YOUR
BUTTER WRAPPERS
AT THIS OFFICE

Hard and soft cut wood for sale. 'Phone 53.
ROBT. LIGHT.
44tf

Increase Your Egg Profits.
Beat poultry tonics and remedies, oyster shell, beef and bone scrap, granite grit. WILSON'S HARDWARE.

THE KING'S POET.

History of Unique Office of Laureate In England.

It is three hundred and seven years ago since the office of Poet Laureate was instituted, and since that time sixteen writers have received this unique honor.

Ben Jonson was appointed Poet Laureate on February 1st, 1616. Previously many men had been publicly acknowledged to be supreme among the poets of their day, but it was not until the year of Shakespeare's death that an official post was created.

The list of Poets Laureate contains many interesting names. The second was Sir William Davenant, who was the first theatrical manager to introduce actresses on the stage. Before his time all parts were played by men. After him at various intervals came Dryden, Southey, Wordsworth, and Tennyson.

The first Laureate received a salary of 100 marks, which was increased later to £100 and a "tierce" of wine from the royal cellars. The payment rose to £300, and one of the Laureates, Henry Pye, exchanged the wine for an extra £25 a year.

In Wordsworth's time the salary dropped to £99 a year. The present holder of the office is Dr. Robert Bridges.

Although the office has been occupied by many distinguished men, quite a number have declined the honor, Gray and Sir Walter Scott among them. Wordsworth also refused the post, but afterwards was induced to change his mind.

Not all Laureates have had peaceful lives. Three were deposed and two were thrown into prison. Another died while suffering imprisonment for debt.

Decay of Historic Churches.

Paris, like London, is finding that the stones of its ancient buildings, particularly its churches, are falling to decay with alarming rapidity. It is estimated that it will cost a huge sum of money to restore St. Paul's Cathedral and Westminster Abbey to their original strength and beauty of surface, and the Parisians are manifesting much uneasiness about the condition of Notre Dame and some of their other beautiful old churches. A committee of French chemists who have been investigating the matter report that the soot and the sulphurous acid that are always present in the air of great industrial cities are responsible for the trouble. The soot is deposited on the stones, where it collects and condenses the acid, which becomes oxidized and converted into sulphuric acid. That in turn, acting on any kind of limestone, produces sulphate of chalk, a substance that crumbles easily.

CARE OF TURKEYS

BREEDING STOCK.—The breeding stock should be selected in the fall. Hen turkeys should be straight in the breast bone, and healthy, weighing from ten to twelve pounds at six months old. The toms should be selected in the same manner and should weigh from twenty to twenty-five pounds at the same age. Never keep hens and toms from one flock. We always had better luuck from young hens and young toms, although a yearling tom gives very good results. The birds are more vigorous, but the eggs do not hatch so well as they are not so high in fertility. The breeding stock should have access to a good sized yard of free range at all times, as turkeys will not do well confined to housing. The mating begins about the middle of March to the middle of April, according to weather conditions. One mating is good for one laying of eggs. One tom can be mated to as high as fifteen hens with good results. One hen will lay from fifteen to twenty-five eggs.

THE CARE OF EGGS.—The eggs should be gathered as soon as possible after they are laid and kept in a dry place. Do not let eggs get chilled. The eggs should be kept in a box of bran, so they can be turned daily until set. It is also well to mark the date on the eggs the day they are gathered, so as to set the oldest eggs first. Very good results can be obtained by setting nine eggs under a hen. But a turkey hen will cover twenty eggs. Set eggs as soon as possible, not over twenty days.

REARING.—Keep watch of the nest at the close of the fourth week after setting. Remove all old shells often; in some cases it is well to remove the young poults as they hatch, as the old turkey will sometimes crush them in the nest. When eggs are all hatched remove old turkey and young to a coop in a dry, clean place. If the weather is rainy, keep in a shed or other dry place, as wet is injurious to young turkeys.

FEEDING.—After the poults are twenty-four hours old they should be given water and the feed should be bread crumbs fine in small quantities, but five or six times daily. After poults are three days old, the feed should gradually be changed to hard boiled eggs and oatmeal with a few onion tops, lettuce or dandelion chopped fine and mixed. If weather is damp and rainy, a little pepper mixed with feed in the morning helps to keep the young poults warm. After poults are from three to four weks old, release the old turkey and let all run on range. When boiled oats can be fed alone, three times daily, until about three months old, when buckwheat, barley, wheat or corn can be fed after six weeks before killing, corn or wheat should be fed all they will pick up three times daily.

CARE OF YOUNG.—When poults are three days old, hardwood ashes should be kept in coup where old turkey can dust, and some put in front of coup where young can dust. This is a prevention of lice. Great care should be taken to keep poults free from vermin. If birds get infected a little blue ointment rubbed around the vent and a good house powder sprinkled through the feathers will clean up the evil. Never let young birds out in wet, long grass as it is injurious. A little powdered iperac, one teaspoon to twenty birds, begin when birds are two weeks old, given once or twice a week, will help to avoid blackhead. The coup should be moved to clean ground every day from three days old. The droppings of coup should be washed out every day and clean water kept in reach at all times. If disease gets in the flock, take diseased birds away from the rest of the flock. Destroy all dead birds by burning or burying. As for Black head, I have never found a cure.

This is our way of raising turkeys with very good results. But I have seen other flocks raised on other feed, but do not change the feed on young poults if they are getting along alright, as it often proves fatal.

P.S.—Turkey raising is often spoken of as a woman's job, but we have found if you want to make a success of it, it needs the co-operation of both man and wife, as the women can feed them often, but the coops are too heavy for a woman to move.

Wishing the Poultry Association every success.

Yours very truly,
SID BUSBY.
Sharpe's Corners, Ont.

Note—Any other information will be gladly rendered if requested.

A "Dry" Story.

"Personally I don't mind confessing that I am getting a bit 'fed up' with prohibition stories," says the story teller in Tit-Bits. "However, I cannot resist the temptation to reproduce the following extra good one. It was told recently at a luncheon party by Major W. A. Bishop, V.C., the Canadian airman who accounted for more enemy airplanes than anyone else during the war.

"A man crossing a street in New York was run over by a street car, and his back was injured. He was hurried off to hospital, and his back was rubbed with alcohol.

"The poor fellow recovered from his injuries, but in trying to lick the alcohol off his back he broke his neck.

Coal In Alberta.

More coal was mined in Alberta in 1922 than in the year preceding by 38,549 tons. The figures for the year, which have just been made up by the provincial mines branch, were 5,975,744 tons, as compared with 5,937,195 tons in 1921. This total production from all the mines in the province puts Alberta, it is thought, again at the top of the list among the coal producing provinces of Canada, though the figures from Nova Scotia, its closest rival, are not yet to hand.

In Danger.

"Papa, what is a pedestrian?" "An individual, my son, who is always to be found in front of swiftly-moved automobiles."

ROYALISTS IN FRANCE

THEY ARE WORKING FOR RESTORATION OF MONARCHY.

M. Leon Daudet, Who Had a Notable Record for War Service, Is Their Leader, and Many Young Men Are Being Pledged to Fight Against Republican Regime.

Among the least expected effects of the occupation of the Ruhr by the French has been the mobilization of the body of young Frenchmen known as the Camelots du Roy, says the New York Herald. They earned this title—it means "Hawkers of the King"—when they sought to peddle in the streets of Paris the first numbers of the Royalist newspaper, the Action Francaise. Declining to have anything to do with Republican authorities the youthful hawkers defied the city regulations and filled Paris with policemen who tried to arrest them for not having hawkers' licenses. The name thus given to them has become the official title of the fighting wing of the French Royalist organization. Its members are ardent and well disciplined and are bound on joining by an oath which says: "I pledge myself to fight every Republican regime. A republic in France is a foreign domination. I associate myself in the work of restoring the monarchy and promise to serve it by every means."

For many years past M. Leon Daudet, their leader, has played with zeal the part of unofficial public prosecutor in all cases of spying and treason. It was largely due to the ferocity of his onslaughts that Caillaux and Malvy were brought to trial, that Almereyda, Duval, Lenoir and many another traitor died. Aided by the political corruption of the French police and secret service he was able to build up his own system of intelligence, and frequently proved himself to be better informed as to what was being done by the police than the Minister of the Interior himself. Since the war he has maintained both his secret organization and his passion for denunciation. The prosecution launched against French Communists for their alleged plotting in the Ruhr was the result of one of his innumerable campaigns. To M. Daudet any one who is not a Royalist and a jingo is condemned of being a traitor to France. He is therefore in a constant state of war with most of his compatriots and especially with the Communists. They hold that it was his vituperative language that armed the assassin of the great Socialist tribune Jaures, and they have a long score of other grievances against him.

It was to settle it that a young girl anarchist recently called at the offices of the Action Francaise and, failing to see its editor, M. Daudet, killed his secretary, M. Marius Plateau, instead. The fighting forces of French Royalism, "The Hawkers of the King," was at once called out and sent to smash the plants of radical newspapers. During the week-end the mounted and foot police of the capital were mobilized in order to deal with any possible rioting between Communists and Royalists following M. Plateau's funeral. Although there is probably not one enlightened Frenchman who believes either in the possibility or the desirability of putting an individual like the Duc de Orleans on the throne the Royalist party is nevertheless growing in political influence, and the success of Mussolini's methods of revolution has greatly encouraged its adherents. The movement, like that of the Communists, and unlike that of the Fascisti, is thoroughly illegal, having as its aim not the overthrow of a Government, but the destruction of the whole Republican regime. What French Royalists would do if by any conceivable circumstances they succeeded in overturning the republic there is probably not one of them who knows.

Broadly speaking, their action aims at the destruction of democracy in favor of aristocracy, the restablishment of the Roman Catholic Church to its old status and an intensification of the jingo aspects of nationalism. Their campaign is carried on simultaneously by violence and by reason through three closely connected organizations — the Ligue de l'Action Francaise, the daily newspaper l'Action Francaise and the Camelots du Roy. Leon Daudet is the moving spirit of it all. In his paper and in Parliament, day after day, he pours an avalanche of invective upon the institutions and the men of the Third Republic. All the literary talent and wit inherited from his father, Alphonse Daudet, cannot excuse or political hatred justify the violence with which he assails his opponents. He has fought duel after duel and refuses to fight again. His quarrels are now liquidated in constant libel actions and frequent fist fights.

He is the destructive force and the constructive portion of the campaign is carried on by a band of brilliant writers, at the head of whom is the deaf, scholarly Charles Maurras. They seek in their comments and lectures on current events throughout the land to recall the philosophical and political advantages of the monarchical system of government. During the war Daudet gained many adherents, thanks to his fearless exposure of treason mongers and spies, and the circulation of his paper increased from 20,000 to nearly 200,000. Since then the reaction in favor of religion in the country districts, the fear of Bolshevism in urban centers and the growth of the conviction that France had won the war, not so much because of but in spite of, the Republican regime, has brought him further sympathy. He hopes, so constantly deferred, of obtaining reparations from Germany, has also inclined many to the more violent methods advocated by the Royalists. Royalism for the sake of a king is a dead force in France, but the Action Francaise is a potent factor in strengthening the Chauvinistic element in French affairs.

Deer Seventy Years Ago.

Peter Cook of Milverton, Ont., is a hale and hearty pioneer who was 85 years of age in June last. During the 1922 hunting season he accompanied a hunting party on a three weeks' trip along the banks of the French river, and shot a deer. He shot his first deer seventy years ago near Shakespeare, in Perth County, and has only missed one year since, that he did not go hunting.

Of the 25,000,000 more women than men in Europe, Russia has the greatest surplus.

Here and There

Vancouver as a grain port has gone over the top and is assured of achieving the 15,000,000 bushel objective set for the 1922-1923 crop year, according to statistics issued at the Vancouver Merchants Exchange.

A Canadian Pacific Railway train, over half a mile long, left Oshawa for New York recently. The train was composed of 52 flat cars, each carrying from four to six automobiles, and was the first solid train to leave Oshawa for New York.

Making the heaviest loading since the big crop year of 1915, grain loaded on the western lines of the Canadian Pacific Railway from September 1st, 1922, to March 7th, 1923, inclusive, totalled 118,565 cars. This is 16,000 more cars than were loaded during the corresponding season of last year.

While in mid Pacific, the wireless operator of the Canadian Pacific Steamship "Empress of Russia" was in touch with the Leafield wireless station in England, and received a number of news items. The ether waves were evidently carried across the North Pole, as we were on the other side of the world," said Captain A. J. Hesken, commander of the liner.

An Owen Sound deputation which recently interviewed Canadian Pacific Railway officials in Toronto, urged the building of a line from Owen Sound, through Meaford and on to Collingwood and then on to a point on the Sudbury line near Coldwater. The officials are reported to have been interested by the suggestions made by the delegation.

Captain A. J. Hosken, R.N.R., of the Canadian Pacific Steamer "Empress of Russia," has been awarded the Medaille d'Honneur de Sauvelage de premiere classe by the French Government, for the part taken by him as commander of the liner "Montcalm" in saving the crew of the French steamer "Hsin Tien", off the Chin. coast.

There is a gold rush on to Rouyn township, in northern Quebec, to Labrador and now to the Sudbury district. In fact, the whole northern district has immense areas of rock bearing more or less gold, and the question is whether the quantity is large enough to make a real mine. Gold mining will be one of Canada's greatest industries twenty-five years from now.—"Mail & Empire."

Still another case of children travelling alone. Elmer Lann, five years old, and Roland Callwell, seven years old, both living on St. Denis street, Montreal, were missed by their parents who did not hear of them after their disappearance until notified by Canadian Pacific Railway officials that the children were in Quebec city, to which place they had begged a ride.

The initial shipment of cattle since the Embargo removal was recently inspected by the Hon. W. F. Motherwell, Minister of Agriculture, in the C. P. R. stock yards, Montreal. They were stall-fed Ontario cattle from along the Canadian Pacific west of Toronto, with the exception of one car load of Western cattle, the latter being in the best condition despite the fact that they had had a 10 hours run from North Bay. The minister expressed the opinion that the cattle being shipped were of the first quality.

It has remained for the Canadian Pacific experimental farm at Strathmore to demonstrate beyond the possible shadow of doubt that the inexpensive trench silo system of providing winter fodder for cattle is, under favorable conditions, quite equal to the costly structures which have in the past been utilized and that the silage is in every sense excellent. This was found to be one satisfaction of a large party of agricultural and business men, who recently visited the farm as the guests of the Canadian Pacific Department of Natural Resources.

Played In Bare Feet.

Half a century ago James L. Hughes was a star player in the Toronto Lacrosse Club, and there are a few old followers of the game who still recall his wonderful prowess.

"The brothers, Jim and Sam Hughes were among the best of their time," remarked a reminiscent oldtimer the other day.

"The late lamented Sir Sam was one of the toughest fellows I ever saw on a lacrosse field," he continued. "When he got into a scuffle after the ball he usually came out with it on his stick. He could check both hard and wicked, and look pleasant at the same time. So could Jim, who still carries the mark of battles fought in those good old days. In one of his later games Jim's nose was broken by a blow from a stick in the hands of a vicious Indian.

"The Toronto's played in Indian moccasins in the Hughes days, but Jim preferred bare feet. While his feet were not abnormally large, they were once the subject of acrimonious comment, made by the wyminders with an opposing team, which the former school inspector used to repeat as a good joke on himself. His team was playing in the rain and rain shower come on and play was suspended. The ladies raised their umbrellas and all waited for the cloud to pass. "If Jim Hughes would stand on his head with his feet above him, devil a drop of rain would touch the rest of him," remarked the lad in the crowd."

Wonder if the venerable James L. still remembers that one?

London's Sacred Barn.

St. Paul's Covent Garden, has a curious history. The church, formerly occupying the site was burned down, and the Duke of Bedford of that day yielded reluctantly to representations that it was his duty to build a successor. "Build me a barn," he said to Inigo Jones. "Your grace, said the great architect, "I will build you the finest barn in the world." And that is just what he did. St. Paul's, Covent Garden, is a vast barn in design, with wide overhanging eaves.

Three thousand newspapers and magazines are published in Japan.

Bring your can for best Separator Oil—25c. a quart at WALLACE'S.

The Best Service

A store can give its customers is to provide the best possible VALUES for the prices asked.

We seek to do this, and it is our purpose to make you feel you can absolutely depend upon the QUALITY of your purchases here.

OUR STOCK OF CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS MERIT YOUR CAREFUL CONSIDERATION.

THE GRAHAM CO'Y.,
Napanee, Ont.

Clothes a Good Color

To have Clothes perfectly cleansed and good color, the Soap must remove all the visible and invisible impurities. SURPRISE will do this thoroughly. 168

100% RETURNS

You want to get the most out of the money and labor you are putting into fields of corn and beef and dairy cattle? Then you can't afford to be without a *good* silo—like my "Toronto" Silo. It supplies the equivalent of rich June pasturage all through the winter. It quickly pays for itself in more milk and healthier cattle.

"Toronto" Silos are made of double tongued and grooved staves of selected spruce, treated with creosote. Silage juices do not affect treated *wood*. You get 15% extra capacity, due to the special "Toronto" Hip Roof construction.

I'll be glad to talk about these splendid dividend-payers at any time.

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NAPANEE, ONT.

ONTARIO WIND ENGINE & PUMP CO.
TORONTO

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Home of Perfect Pictures

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, APRIL 4-5

Metro pictures present Viola Dana in a 6-reel special, "SEEING'S BELIEVING."

Also next episode of our serial, "HURRICANE HUTCH."

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, APRIL 6-7

Universal presents Hoot Gibson in "THE GALLOPING KID." This is a western with lots of thrills and laughter. Don't miss it.

Also next episode of our serial "THE HOPE DIAMOND MYSTERY."

MONDAY AND TUESDAY, APRIL 9-10

We are having "A BETTER 'OLE." This picture has played Napanee before and everyone liked it so we are having it again. Don't miss it.

MR. CAR OWNER!

If your car needs paint or varnish the job can be done under best conditions NOW, each coat allowed to dry thoroughly before the next is applied.

The best makes of Paint and Varnish, and an experienced CARRIAGE PAINTER to do the work.

OVERHAULING CAREFULLY DONE

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

Graham's = Garage

DUNDAS ST., E. - 'PHONE 218.

Years Ago the Ford Car passed the experimental stage

IN buying a Ford car today, you buy a developed, proven car—proven over a period of years. You do not buy an experiment.

The low price of the Ford is made possible only by quantity production.

Geared to BUY NOW AND MAKE CERTAIN YOU GET A CAR AT THESE PRICES

Runabout $405
Touring $445
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F.O.B. FORD, ONT. CUT, TANCE EITH STARTING AND ELECTRIC LIGHTING EXTRA. CLOSED CAR NT ON SEDAN AND COUPE

WILMOT & CHAPMAN
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2723

FORD MOTOR COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED, FORD, ONTARIO

MUCH WAR MATERIAL

OVER $1,000,000,000 WORTH WAS MADE IN CANADA.

Totals of Shells and Planes Were a Tribute to the Brains, Enterprise and Industry of the Business Men of Our Dominion — Interesting Facts and Figures.

Organization is the watchword in business to-day and without it no enterprise of any magnitude, or even minor importance, can truly succeed. Canadians are developing it strongly all along the line, with results that are happily demonstrated in the speedy and splendid "come-back" this country has made from the business demoralization which was an inevitable outcome of the war. Good has come out of evil to the extent that it was the war which stimulated business genius to set examples which cannot have other than a lasting benefit.

The most gigantic scheme of organization in the history of this Dominion was handled with pronounced success by Sir Joseph Flavelle, as chairman of the Imperial Munitions Board. His efforts were rewarded by the crown while they were in progress, when he was created a baronet by King George, in 1917. It was these efforts which contributed most to the prosperity of Canada during the latter years of the war. Munitions contracts set the wheels of the factories running, inspired public confidence and enabled the country to subscribe hundreds of millions to war loans and provide credits for British purchases in the Dominion.

To many persons it is well known that at first the War Office was reluctant to place contracts with Canadian factories, and even many Canadian manufacturers doubted about taking such contracts if the work became obtainable, but how well the Canadians rose to the occasion is demonstrated in the following impressive figures, which were provided to the writer by one in an undoubted position to vouch for their accuracy.

The first shell contracts were placed by the Canadian Shell Committee, but this organization was succeeded by an Imperial Munitions Board under the direction of Sir Joseph Flavelle. Through this board there was shipped to the British Government 65,340,000 shells, 454,000,000 cartridge cases, immense quantities of primers, friction tubes, fuses, copper bands and forgings of various types, 41,000,000 pounds of high explosives, 50,000,000 pounds of powder, 8,000,000 pounds of acetone, 10,000,000 pounds of acetic acid, 2,250,000 pounds of acetate of lime, 35,400,000 pounds of zinc, 18,500,000 pounds of calcium carbide, 2,000,000 pounds of nickel, 8,200,000 pounds of ferro silicon, 23,800,000 feet of airplane spruce, 36,999,999 feet of spruce deals and Douglas firs, 11,800,000 pounds of pulp board, 426,000,000 pounds of leather, 300,000 feet of leather belt, 4,000,000 pounds of asbestos, flax-pulling machines exceeding $1,000,000 in value, over 4 thousand typewriters, railway wagons to the value of $7,000,000, forty locomotives and forty-six tenders, and forty-four ships. Vessels aggregating 350,000 tons, and costing $70,000,000.

The board also produced 3,000 aircraft engines, spare parts, at each cost, with the incidental expenditure on training camps of the Royal Air Force, over $15,000,000. All these munitions were used in Canada except one thousand, which were sold to the United States.

The total value of the orders received exceeded $1,500,000,000 and the actual expenditure was over $1,110,000,000.

A variety of national plants was established by the board, one in Montreal for the loading of fuses, upon which over $2,000,000 was expended; one in Trenton, Ont., for the production of T.N.T., which cost $5,000,000; one near Parry Sound, Ont., for the production of cordite, at a cost of $4,000,000; one in Toronto for the production of steel and forgings, upon which $3,000,000 was expended; another in Toronto for the production of fuses, which involved an outlay of $1,300,000. Over $1,000,000 was also expended on the Goodyear distillery at Toronto for the production of acetone.

All these plants were organized as separate companies, the share capital being held by the board, and all were under the direction of business men who volunteered for service.

By 1917 the production of complete rounds of shrapnel shells in Canada represented fifty-five per cent. of the requirements of Great Britain. The shells were shipped direct to France, all ready for use in 18-pound field guns. At the time of the armistice, the production of airplane spruce in the Dominion represented sixty per cent. of the required quantity.

The board acted in Canada primarily for the Ministry of Munitions and was directly responsible to the Imperial Minister. During the course of the war the War Department, Navy Department, Timber Controller's Department and Ministry of Shipping made use of the board's organization for services they required in Canada. The board also acted as agent for the United States Government in placing orders for munitions to be produced in Canada for the American armies. Such orders placed with Canadian manufacturers exceeded a total value of $200,000,000, and subsequently in settling claims arising out of the cancellation of many of these contracts at the termination of the war, the board was associated with the officers of the American Government.

No False Promises.

Pessimist: "The nation is being plunged more and more into debt."

Taxpayer: "Ah, but the Government does not profess to live within its income, only within ours!"

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Aladdin Lamps.

A limited number of Aladdin Lamps. Some new and some used lamps for sale at reduced prices. Inquire at Wallace's Drug Store, Limited. 52-bp

It's Time For Them All

Here are 5 things it's time to use right now. All come in small or large cans, and the cost is little considering the much they do.

1 Porch Floor Paint

2 Screen Paint

3 Stove Pipe Enamel

4 Auto Varnish Colors

5 Vernicol Varnish Stain

1 **Porch Paint.** This one is made for porches. A heavy-bodied linseed paint that resists wear and weather.

2 **Screen Paint.** Made for screens—both the wire and the woodwork. Protects wire from rust. Doesn't clog up mesh.

3 **Stove Pipe Enamel.** Puts a rich gloss on stove pipe and sides of stove. Stands heat.

4 **Auto Varnish Colors.** Good enough for automobiles, therefore fine for porch and lawn furniture, grates and iron fences.

5 **Vernicol Varnish Stain.** Stains and Varnishes at one operation. Fine for porch furniture as well as to cheer up other old furniture and interior floors.

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Save the surface and you save all

Lowe Brothers
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Auto Thief Made a Record

Canadians should have a special interest in a story Samuel Hopkins Adams tells in Collier's as the result of an interview with a man who, in the course of twenty years' operations, stole $2,000,000 worth of automobiles. The interview took place in a New York penitentiary where this master robber, who is called Mellish, is serving a ten-year sentence. Since Mr. Mellish is now sixty years old, it seems improbable that he will steal any more cars, and on that account he was communicative as to the cards are stolen. Incidentally he remarked that many of the high-class American cars that are stolen are sold in Canada, and he mentions one particularly expensive car that is now being driven by a Toronto man. Incidentally he says that it was his custom when he stole a good car and drove it over the border to steal a Canadian car for the return journey, and to load this Canadian car with liquor, which he had no trouble in smuggling into the United States, thus making three profits flow from the original operation.

Mr. Mellish was asked to suggest means whereby the theft of motors might be reduced. He was not helpful on this point. He said, "If you leave your bank roll leaning up against the curb somebody's going to pinch it," and he added, "The street's no safer place for your car than it is for your kids. Leave either of them there regularly and you'll have trouble. Better keep them at home." "But," said the interviewer, "the average man wants his car handy when he goes about." "That's what makes the game so simple," replied the thief. "He takes his chances and he pretty often loses. You wouldn't leave five thousand dollars lying around in the gutter, would you?" "But a five-thousand-dollar car is somewhat more cumbrous to steal than a five-thousand-dollar roll of bills." "Not much. I've stolen 'em in one week—five thousand and up. That was years ago, when the big cars weren't all smeared over with identification numbers — and cleaned nearly $15,000 on the lot, with hardly more trouble than picking up that much in bills."

But Mr. Mellish in recent years has specialized on Ford cars. It is true that the profit on Fords is much less than that on any other car. On the other hand, it is easier to sell a dozen stolen Fords than one stolen Packard. Since Fords are more numerous than any other car the field for the operations of the car thief is much broader. In the third place, there are so many Fords on the street that a mere change of license number will enable the thief to make a successful getaway. Notice to the police that a Rolls-Royce has been stolen will bring every Rolls-Royce under close scrutiny and suspicion. Notice that a Ford has been stolen will have no such result. There is also the advantage that if the thief is caught before he gets clear with the Ford he denies to steal he can plead that he made a mistake in the car, especially since Mr. Mellish used always to operate with his own Ford car parked beside the Ford he did operate on.

He worked always from his own car with an accomplice. The business of the latter was to keep a lookout for the owner and give the signal if he appeared unexpectedly. Before a car was stolen it was usually marked down by the thieves and they took pains to inform themselves of the general habits of the owner. Thus they could tell with reasonable accuracy how long he might be expected to leave his car in a given place and therefore how much start they would have. Having driven away with the stolen car the first move was to go into a garage and make a few rough alterations, such as changing the license number and knocking off any conspicuous extras, like a spotlight or a distinctive spareholder. He asserted that most garages were not particularly inquisitive about these slight changes because there was usually some profit accruing to the owner. A district attorney who was present at the interview said that Mellish had exaggerated the case against the garages, most of the high-class ones being straight, but he admitted that he could point out many garages where "it would be risking your life to try to get above the second floor."

Mellish and his partner operated a range of their own where fine work of obliterating the numbers of cars was done. Before they stole a car, he says, they usually had a customer in sight. Frequently they sold the stolen car to the owner, having altered it so that he could never recognize it. Many of the people who bought cars from them suspected that they were stolen and these cars were usually stolen again, because the second victim could be calculated upon not to make an undue rumpus at the police station. Modern safety devices he scorned. One of the most favored of them, whereby the steering wheel fails to work after the car has been locked, did not baffle him for, with a lever, he jacked up the stolen car so that the front part rested on his own car and thus he towed it away. On another occasion, to get a stolen car in a big covered truck operated by his confederate, and that is the car which, he says, is now being driven by a man in Toronto.

No "Horned" Rabbits.

The story of the shooting in Norfolk County, Ont., of a "horned" rabbit of the Californian species, which was reported several weeks ago, may be driving natural history students to revise their theories, but the supposed hare story is a hoax pure and simple.

The rabbit which caused the uproar is a very small individual of the species, weighing less than 10 pounds. It was shot by "Tim" Savage, the genial postmaster of Waterford. Just who suggested the horning of the head has not been disclosed, but it is openly announced that the horns were secured from the head of a calf belonging to Joseph McMichael, and this gentleman, directed by the postmaster, who practiced setting diamonds in other days, set the horns in place.

It is assumed that O. H. Duncombe, V.S., gave expert instructions as to where the workman would get best footing for the planting of the horns. The "fake" was taken over to Simcoe after it had been displayed in Waterford. It was put on inhibition in the store window of Charles Terhune, where space was granted George Pearce of the Simcoe Reformer for the purpose, and it was set up with due care that close inspection would be impossible.

But the blunt calf horns could not be camouflaged. No, there are no horned rabbits in Norfolk, but the Californian species, which has been spread, it is said, from Bow Park Farm at Burford, is abundant and becoming a menace.

PROTECTING BIRDS.

Two Societies Are Carrying on Work In Canada.

Full recognition of the important function that birds perform, in the natural order of things, in controlling insect life has been given shape on this continent by Canada's treaty of 1916 with the United States, known as the Migratory Birds Convention. All the essential machinery for its administration has been adopted by the Dominion Government by an instrument known as the Migratory Birds Convention Act. This is administered by the Department of the Interior through the Parks Department, and entails a staff of officers and inspectors and the publication of quantities of literature. No question should, therefore, be permitted to arise over the proper agencies for educating the public to assist in the protection of the birds specified in the treaty.

Prior to the Biological Survey of the continent antedating the treaty, and several years prior to the treaty itself, a voluntary, patriotic effort was begun by a small group of bird-lovers in Ontario to arouse public interest in the value of birds to mankind. This effort was organized and incorporated early in 1916 under the name of the Canadian Society for the Protection of Birds.

The Provincial Government approved of and supported this effort from the beginning and published for the society large editions of posters and pamphlets which were widely distributed all over Canada, but intensively throughout Ontario schools in villages, towns and cities.

There is not a shadow of doubt that this propaganda, voluntarily and conscientiously begun in 1914, and carried on up to the present, has been a highly significant factor in creating the now widespread interest in bird life and protection in Canada, particularly in Ontario.

The effort of the Canadian Society for the Protection of Birds kindled the effort in Quebec for bird protection, where the earliest members of the society in that province were already members of the parent society, its posters and literature, freely distributed, have inspired local effort among points in Canada.

In 1916, however, a serious rival entered the Canadian field, and by the consent of the Commission of Conservation. The National Association of Audubon Societies of the United States placed its membership and enticing advantages before Canadian teachers and school children. The former were given an incentive to form American bird clubs in their classes by an offer of an attractive journal on bird life on the remittance of its annual subscription collected in dimes from their pupils. This phase proved a cheek to Canadian effort.

Last year the American Association renewed and concentrated its exertions to extend its operations throughout the Dominion by securing an arrangement with the Canadian National Parks Branch to enter the schools of Canada and form junior American clubs therein. The bulletin of the Department for early, 1922, announced this concession, stating that: "The Parks Branch has communicated with the Educational Departments in the different provinces, and with a very few exceptions they have granted permission to have this work carried on."

The Ontario Department of Education, it is understood, has declined the advances of the American National Association to organize junior bird clubs in the public schools of the province.

HOW SALMON ARE BORN

THEY COME INTO THE WORLD BURIED IN GRAVEL.

Parents Lay Their Eggs In Autumn Just Before They Die, and In the Springtime the Little Fish Are Ready for Birth — They Have Adventurous Babyhood, and Dangers Are Many.

Along the British Columbia coast the salmon canneries closed down after a fairly successful season. The cannery managers and the white workmen have taken the south-bound boat, the Japanese fishing fleets have set out on a course which leads to other fishing grounds and the Indians have disappeared leisurely, unostentatiously, after the manner of their kind. At each establishment a watchman and a few handy workmen have been left to overhaul the canneries and wireless until presto! he owned, ready for fish. The progress is slow and, though it is only a journey of a few inches, it may take days and days. As he progresses the light becomes stronger, until at last, with a triumphant rush, he leaves forever the confines of the gravel and gradually, a free-swimming fish, with all other natives of the creek are ravenous and a life-time of experience has given them a shrewd idea of where to seek food. Above water there are hungry diving ducks with large families to feed and they too are forever seeking the succulent, tiny salmon with the dark back and silvery sides.

But the odds are not all against the little fellows. Nature has given them powerful fins. When danger threatens they seek cover in short but wonderfully quick darts. Into a tangle of sunken branches, a cluster of aquatic vegetation or the crevasse between stone they scurry, there to stay until the danger is past.

After two hours' feeding a two-pound trout has been taken with eighty salmon fry in his stomach. In less time than that a diving duck has been known to have devoured one hundred and fifty of them.

A "Regular He-Man."

The sky pilot in the Far West has a tough time convincing the fabled cow-punchers that he is a he-man inside his shaker collar. Especially trying must be the experience of a college president who tries to teach the theory of mining in Alaska. Your true son of '98 scorns anything that is not red-blooded, and all that sort of thing. So Dr. Charles E. Bunnell, who had just established the Alaska Agricultural College and School of Mines, at Fairbanks, does well to appear without starched collar or boiled shirt. This young Pennsylvanian is a bit of a practical man himself and has helped erect his own buildings.

Plantins Coconut Trees.

In Saratonga, the most populous of the Cook Islands in the Pacific, it is provided by law that the head of each family shall plant a coconut tree for each year of a child's age until the child is old enough to plant trees himself.

WHERE MEN MUST WED.

Trial Marriage Is by No Means an Original Idea.

Temporary marriage, under which a man and woman may live together as man and wife for a definitely stated period, and at the end part without obligation on either side, is one of the peculiar customs of the Bhil Moslem described by Mr. Thomas Lyell in his new book, "The Ins and Outs of Mesopotamia." Mr. Lyell was Political Officer in one of the Holy Cities.

"Mut'a," as the temporary marriage system is called, is a definite contract for a limited period. It may be renewed or not, as the parties agree, but divorce is not permitted. Any children that may arise from the "marriage" accrue to the husband.

Marriage in Islam is compulsory on every man—he is allowed four wives, and no more. The system, however, not only degrades the women of the race and dishonors motherhood, but its effects are no less enervating and deadly upon the men.

The young heir is brought up among fawning, uneducated, and sensual women, whose whole purpose in life must be to retain their physical attractions for their lord and master.

Before a divorce is accomplished there are many conditions to be fulfilled. There is no such thing as separation without divorce, though a period must elapse before the decree of divorce becomes finally effective, when the husband and wife live apart, but remain under the same roof.

Divorce must be pronounced twice, and after each pronouncement a period of three months must elapse. The form used is "I repudiate," which is said before witnesses.

At the end of the second period the man must finally decide whether he is going to divorce his wife or not.

If he decides to retain her, he does so for good, and can never again divorce her save for grave immorality. When the wife is finally divorced, it is forbidden for her husband to keep any part of her dower.

Remarriage between a pair who have been divorced from one another is possible only under one peculiar condition. The divorced wife must marry another husband and be divorced by him if she wants to recover her first husband.

A Country on the Move.

Some parts of the world are changing their positions!

Perhaps the most interesting case is that of Greenland. Two Danish scientists have been investigating, and their results show that the country is moving to the west at the rate of about twenty yards a year. Two other observations, one taken in 1870 and the other in 1907, showed a difference of roughly 1,210 yards.

Another portion of the globe which is altering its position is the North Pole. Owing to the small area of the pole—it is about the size of a tennis court—observation is difficult, but two observatories have reported that it is moving slowly to the north. It is also stated that the coast of Labrador is rising from the sea.

Many authorities declare that both the poles are moving, and that this alteration to the world's axis will mean in time that regions which are now frozen will become warm and habitable.

So far Great Britain has not shown signs of movement. But don't be surprised if, one morning, you wake up and find the British Isles somewhere else.

Wilson's Hardware Store

Brighten the Corner where you are

Martin-Senour

100 per cent. Pure

Paints and Varnishes

are absolutely satisfactory.

Give that dull woodwork a fresh coat of paint.

And **MURESCO** the walls and ceilings.

Make Home Attractive

D. B. WILSON

'Phone 138.

HAVE YOU TRIED THE NEW

EAST-END BARBER SHOP

Everything New and Up-to-Date.

Skilled Workmanship

MODERATE PRICES.

Opposite Harshaw Block

J. E. BROWN, Prop.

At H. W. Kelly's grocery you can get good Green Tea 50c. per lb.; Navel Oranges, 40c. doz.; Orange Marmalade in 4-lb. jars, 90c.; also Sweet Wrinkle Peas, a fresh shipment of Heintz Products, Pickles, Catsup, Pork and Beans, Tomato Soup, a car of Purity Flour just arrived. Fresh Marshmallow cake, 25c. lb. We have a fresh lot of plants in bloom this week. When you want Coffee don't forget Kelly's famous blend, it's the best. Highest price for butter and eggs. See us before you sell.

Campbell House Corner.

Private Sale.

Of household furniture, piano, cookstove, bedroom suits, etc., at Mrs. H. W. Kelly's, near English Church. Afternoons, 2 to 5 p.m.

New Paint Shop.

Mr. Frank Markle has rented the Symington evaporator building at the foot of West street, and is fixing it up for a paint shop, for cars, motor boats, furniture, etc. Tops and trimmings of all kinds. Work guaranteed. 6-tf

Notice to Horse Breeders.

I have purchased the imported Percheron Stallion, (Jackson 4421) known as the Whalen horse. He is a proven sire of the right draft type, jet black in color. He is one of the best stock horses ever brought into this country. Everyone intending to use a horse this year should be sure to see him and see some of his get. His rates this year will be reasonable, with reduced rates to those who may come a distance or any one using him before the season starts. He will be at the Paisley House stables every Saturday.

KARL MARTIN, Owner. WALTER GEAR, Manager. 18-b-p

Protect your feet by wearing Dominion Rubbers. The latest styles to fit the new shoes at WILSON'S SHOE STORE.

McCREERY'S BARGAINS

5 lbs. remnants, $1. 5 lbs. cotton quilt patches, $2. 10 lbs. $3. 2 lb. silk or velvet patches $2. 7 lbs. high-grade dingering yarn $2. 10 yds romper cloth or prints. 8 yds fancy dress gingham, voile, chambray, organdie or lawn. 3 yds navy serge, or 4 yds clan Tartan plaids $1.50.

A. McCreery & Co., Chatham, Ont.

9-c-y

The Sunday School of the Church of St. Mary Magdalene

presents

"The Passing Show of 1923"

Vaudeville, Dancing, Novelties

STRAND THEATRE

Friday and Saturday, **April 13th and 14th**

Keep these dates open.

No reserved seats.

Evenings 50 and 35 cents. Saturday Matinee 25 cents.

From the standpoint of price alone "Daly's Good Tea" is not the cheapest, but quality, flavor, and strength considered it is the most economical to use. For sale at WALLACE'S.

GRACE METH. CHURCH

A. J. TERRILL, B.A., B.D., Pastor.

Evangelistic campaign April 3rd to April 29th. Major Hanley, D.D., preacher, Fred Fisher, soloist and musical conductor.

7 Sundays, 10.30 a.m., 3 p.m., 7.30 p.m.

Every week-night at 7.30, except Monday night.

Everyone is invited. Come tonight.

Smithing Coal.

Best Cumberland smithing coal $17.00 per ton.

17-b VANLUVEN'S COAL YARD.

Notice to the Public.

The citizens of Napanee are hereby given warning to be careful in giving to strangers subscriptions to canvassers for magazines, at cut rates. A couple of fakirs are working in this vicinity.

Motor Show at Belleville.

Automobile exhibition, Armouries, Belleville, four days, April 11-14, Wednesday to Saturday night, under auspices Chamber of Commerce. All leading makes of cars and accessories shown. Argyll Light Infantry band to give concerts nightly.

Card of Thanks.

Mr. and Mrs. Wellesley Coulter wish to thank their many friends for the kindness shown them during the recent illness of Mrs. Coulter while in Kingston Hospital. They also wish to extend their thanks to the Friendly Bible Class, of Enterprise, for the beautiful floral tribute which she so gratefully received.

New Spring Wearables.

Our new Spring Coats and Suits are here, in all shades, styles and sizes. Coats are up-to-date in every detail and are cut in styles suitable to Women and Misses alike. Also a large assortment of Ladies' and Misses Dresses. Make your selection while our stock is complete.

MRS. J. SAGAR,
Opposite Anderson's Garage.

Fatal Accident at Millhaven.

Frank Babcock, aged nineteen, met death on Thursday last as the result of a distressing accident. He was employed in the grist mill of Robert Rickey, Millhaven, and shortly after seven o'clock in the morning he was caught in the shafting and terribly injured. The young man lived until three o'clock in the afternoon and then passed away. Dr. Northmore, Bath, and Dr. Mabee, Odessa, were in attendance. The deceased lived with and was employed by Mr. Rickey, and was highly regarded. His father is dead and his mother resides at Odessa. The family formerly lived at Millhaven, where the father was a blacksmith. The funeral took place from the residence of Robert Rickey, Millhaven, Saturday afternoon at two o'clock.

"Take not Thy Holy Spirit from me," Ps. 51-11; "Lead me to the rock that is higher than I," Ps. 61-2; "O God, Thou art my God; early will I seek Thee," Ps. 63-1; "The Lord shall be thy confidence," Prov. 3-26; "My times are in Thy hand," Ps. 31-15; I am the light of the world," John 8-12; "Blessed are the merciful, for they shall obtain mercy," Matt. 5-7; "I have blotted out, as a thick cloud, thy transgressions, and as a cloud thy sin," Isa. 44-22.

I heard the voice of Jesus say, "I am this dark world's light, Look unto Me, thy morn shall rise And all thy days be bright."

A BIBLE LOVER.

Dairy Supplies.

Milk cans, pails, pans, cream pails, churns, butter bowls, McLary's best always in stock.

WILSON'S HARDWARE.

Extra Heavy All-Wool Trousers To Order $7.50

JAMES WALTERS,
MERCHANT TAILOR.
NAPANEE

ST ANDREW'S CHURCH

Rev. A. J. Wilson, B. A., B. D., Pastor.

Sunday, 10.30—Morning Worship.

11.45—Sunday school and bible classes.

Thursday, 7.00 p. m.—Evening Worship.

Thursday, 7.30 p.m.—Midweek service.

S. MARY MAGDALENE CHURCH

Rev. J. H. H. Coleman, M. A., Vicar.

Services of S. Mary Magdalene Church:

8.00—Holy Communion.

10.30—Morning Prayer.

12.00—Sunday School. Presentation of Missionary Boxes.

7.00—Evening prayer

Pyrex Glass Ovenware.

The ideal baking dish for meats vegetables, deserts. A complete line always in stock. WILSON'S HARDWARE.

Spring Boots.

Try us for your spring coarse Boots. We stock the Dalhousie Brand. We have some odd sizes going cheap. Don't forget to bring your repairs.

SEYMOUR BROS.,
Near Post Office.

Haley's Comet Next.

It seems we are getting old weather, (1872) under a new name (1923), as I remember about fifty-one years ago father and I drove from Kingston to Gretna with horse and cutter on Easter Saturday. It seems that weather seems history repeat themselves if we stay around to see.

S. B. SPARKS.

The Market Grocery.

Fresh groceries of the best grades we can buy. Our Teas and Coffee are sold and guaranteed to give satisfaction. Get our prices on fresh Garden Seeds before you buy. A direct shipment from Holland about April 20th of those beautiful Tuberous Rooted Begonias in five colors. Paeonies, Hyacinth, Candicans, a hardy bulb for bedding out. Gladiolas, Double Hollyhocks, Oriental Poppies, Tritoma or Red Hot Poker, Shrubs, trailing and climbing vines. Ask about them and place your order for them on arrival.

THOMPSON BROS.

Milk cans, dairy pails, sugar making supplies, chicken foods and grits. DAVY & ALLISON.

Auction Sale.

The undersigned will sell for John M. Hughes at his residence, South Napanee, Sat., April 7th, at 3 p.m., the following: One one-horse spring waggon, two buggies, one cutter, lumber waggon and rack, set heavy harness, one cow, a quantity of hay and oats, set Dufrew farm scales, horse-fork, car, rope and pulleys, quantity of lumber and plank, wheelbarrow, shovels, forks, all his household furniture, such as stoves, book cases, writing desks, oil stove, sewing machine and a large number of articles too numerous to mention. Terms, cash. At the same time and place there will be offered for sale the following real estate, subject to a reserve bid: Farm of 150 acres near Roblin, lot 20, 9th concession Richmond; the property known as the Bibb house, on Roblin's Hill, with 20 acres of land, more or less, two barns, large house, suitable for poultry raising or bee keeping; house and lot on William street, part of lot No. 9, good frame house, nine rooms, electric light, good cistern, hard water at door, good barn. Terms of Real Estate, 10 per cent. at time of sale, balance arranged to suit purchaser.

H. W. GALLAGHER,
Auctioneer.

Mr. Hughes has purchased property in Toronto and must sell his property here.

Gas From Food Presses on Heart

If food does not digest it turns into poisons which form gas. This often presses on heart and other organs causing a nervous, restless feeling. Simple buckthorn bark, glycerine, etc., as mixed in Adlerika, removes foul, decaying food-matter you never thought was in your system, which caused gas and pressure on heart. Adlerika expels poisons and gas from BOTH upper and lower bowel. EXCELLENT to guard against appendicitis. Wallace's Drug Store, Limited.

Muresco.

The popular wall finish. All shades in stock, white in bulk.

WILSON'S HARDWARE.

TRINITY METH. CHURCH

Pastor—Rev. A. H. Foster.

10.00 a.m.—Class meeting.

10.30—Morning service.

11.45 a.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.

7.00—Evening service. Special service of song.

Monday evening—The Young People's Union.

Wednesday, 7.30 — Mid-week service.

All services will be held in the Sunday School room.

Carl Believed End Was Coming

Declares Tanlac Restored Him Fully When in Despair From Stomach Trouble.

"I just think Tanlac is the last word in medicine," recently said James Carl, well-known carpenter and builder, of 123 John St., Hamilton, Ont.

"In 1916 my health began to run down and in spite of all I could do my condition got worse. Every bone in my body seemed to ache and my stomach caused me no end of trouble. During all the winter of 1920 I was so miserable I never expected to live to see the snow off the ground, I would almost smother from the gas on my stomach and many a night I never closed my eyes in sleep.

"Before I got Tanlac I was simply a physical wreck and would walk the floor not knowing what to do. The first few doses of Tanlac showed me it was what I needed and four bottles built me up fifteen pounds and put me in the best of health. Mind you that was a year ago, but I have felt fine ever since. No one can go wrong by taking the Tanlac treatment."

Tanlac is for sale by all good druggists. Accept no substitute. Over 35-million bottles sold.

Ready Mixed Paint.

The best paint we have ever handled is now in stock. Get your supply while we have all the colors. DAVY & ALLISON.

Poultry Meeting.

A meeting of the Napanee Poultry Association will be held on Wednesday evening, April 4th, in the class room of the Department of Agriculture building of all varieties of Leghorns. Papers on Leghorns by prominent Leghorn Breeders. All are welcome.

E. W. METCALFE, Sec.

Better Live Stock Train.

All poultry breeders in this district should visit the "Better Live Stock Train" on April 27th, from 9 a.m. to 10 p.m., at Napanee. The train consists of sixteen cars of live stock, one car of poultry and eggs. Lecture and demonstration given in special lecture car. The poultry car is in charge of Mr. J. E. Frances, Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph; Mr. J. W. Clark, of Cainsville, and Mr. T. A. Benson, Poultry Branch, Ottawa. The Napanee Poultry Association would like all poultry breeders to take advantage of this opportunity, in seeing this splendid display of Poultry and eggs on this Better Live Stock Train.

Alas! Alas!

By reading the paper I learn with regret that the great organization, known as Trinity Church, that by the strenuous labours of a few of our citizens was brought to a wonderful state of efficiency for the manufacture of praise and worship to the great Creator, but through the non-appearance of a small (atom of dust) unit of humanity, the great results expected were not realized and the praise and worship to the Great God has been retarded, for which I am sorry. But perhaps He can make it up somewhere else, where they do love Him, and be worthy of all praise and when the glary of the Lord shall be revealed, all flesh shall see it together, for the mouth of the Lord hath spoken it.

S. B. SPARKS.

Auction Sale.

I have received instructions to sell by Public Auction on north east part lot 1, Township of Richmond, on Hollyville Road, 5 miles west of Napanee, near boundary, on Tuesday, April 10th, 1913, at one o'clock sharp, the following farm stock, implements, etc.: 1 brown mare, 8 years old, about 1300 lbs., 1 chestnut gelding, 6 years old, about 1300 lbs., 1 bay mare, 6 years old, about 1400 lbs., 1 bay mare in foal, 8 years old, about 1200 lbs., 1 standard bred mare, 6 years old, about 1040 lbs., 1 Clyde mare colt, 2 years old, 1 Clyde mare colt, 1 year old, 1 lumber wagon, 1 spring wagon, 1 buggy, 1 cutter, 1 cart, 1 set heavy bob-sleighs, 1 Massey-Harris binder, 1 Deering mower, 1 Massey-Harris rake, 1 walking plow, 1 gang plow, 1 Massey-Harris stiff tooth cultivator, 1 corn cultivator, 1 set heavy harness, 4 set chain, 1 Massey-Harris seed drill, 1 hay rack, 1 set 2000 lb. scales, 1 cutter pole, 1 Chatham fanning mill, 1 grind stone, 1 sulky plow, 100 bus. buckwheat, 200 bus. oats, 30 bus. rye, 60 pure bred White Leghorn hens, 8 M. feet planks, scantling, and 1 in. lumber, 1 set heavy harness, 2 sets single harness, 1 set light driving harness, 400 lbs. nails, forks, whiffletrees, 1 cross cut saw, 12 pat. cow stanchions, 1 Stewart power clipping machine, 1 1919 model Brisco touring car and other articles too numerous to mention. Terms of sale: $10 and under, cash; over that amount 8 months' credit on approved joint notes bearing interest at 7 per cent.

WM. DOWLING,
Owner.
H. W. GALLAGHER,
Auctioneer.

Housecleaning time.

You will need some paint or varnish, maybe a brush, or some Muresco. New stock, complete range of colors in paint and Muresco. DAVY & ALLISON.

ASSURANCE

THOSE who employ us have the assurance that they will receive the highest degree of service and satisfaction. We are equipped to handle a commission in a thorough manner. Our services are dependable and polite.

MASTERS & TIERNEY
FUNERAL WORKERS
FULL MOTOR EQUIPMENT
MALLEY'S PHOTO SHOP

Call In and see the Celebrated National Electric Ranges, the best on the market.

These stoves are all wired and ready for demonstrations. You will be pleased to see them.

Have a look at the National Heatray Heater, which sells at a very reasonable price. The element in this heater can easily be removed when burnt out and a new one put in, or also it can be used as a portable lamp, by removing the element and putting in a bulb.

See our stock of shades, toasters and irons before buying.

A full line of electrical fixtures and appliances is on hand and ready for inspection. Our prices are reasonable.

Come in and get a price on wiring.

Vine's Electric Shop

Market Square, Napanee

'Phone 367.

WONDERLAND

NAPANEE'S FAVORITE PLACE OF AMUSEMENT

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY

The treat of the season, "THE NAUTICAL KNOT," with forty people. Seats now at Hooper's Drug Store.

FRIDAY and SATURDAY

Freckles Barry in a 7-reel special, "RAGS TO RICHES."

And next episode of "IN THE DAYS OF BUFFALO BILL."

Also a 2-reel comedy.

MONDAY and TUESDAY

The picture that is different, "THE HALF BREED."

And a two reel comedy, "THE STORK'S MISTAKE."

Black's Orchestra Wednesday Nights.

The Home of Good Pictures.

GEO. TUSTIN, Prop.

The Fire Risk

from burning wood and poor fuel is dangerous. Are your buildings and contents insured? Consult

Harshaw & Son

Insurance Agents

and protect your property. 'Phone 352 and we will call.

13-tf

A "Want Adv." in The Napanee Express will bring results. Try it.

The finest mixtures of Nasturtiums and Sweet Peas at THOMPSON'S STORE.

Car Owners, - ATTENTION!

Important Announcement

E. F. SMITH

Formerly of Paul & Smith, is now at the service of Napanee Car Owners, at his new place of business occupying part of Vine's Electric Store, Market Square. Mr. Smith will operate an up-to-date Battery Service Station, having secured an agency for the well-known Exide Storage Battery, specializing in the care and repair of all makes of Storage Batteries, Generators, Starting Motors and Ignition Systems on Cars.

Sales Agency for Starr Radio Receiving Sets and headquarters for Radio apparatus.

Examiner of applicants for Driver Licenses.

AN INVITATION

When your battery needs attention, to what kind of service station do you go? Do you get unprejudiced advice and skilled work?

Please realize that, no matter what make of battery you have, it will be given expert attention at our Service Station and made to last as long as possible.

Batteries are thrown away every day which we could economically put into shape to give effective service.

No matter what make of battery is in your car, you will find it worth your while to get acquainted with our service. When your battery is truly worn out—and not before then—we will be glad to sell you an Exide, the long-life battery.

AUTO ELECTRIC SERVICE STATION

MARKET SQUARE, - NAPANEE, ONT.

Phone 367. 14-b

REV. J. R. HANLEY

MR. F. G. FISHER

Noted Evangelists

Open a 4-Week Evangelistic Campaign In Grace Methodist Church, Napanee, Starting Tuesday Evening, April 3rd

7.30 Sharp

REV. HANLEY

Meetings every night in week, except Monday.

Saturday night meetings are usually the best of the week.

Church Choir will assist in the singing.

MR. FISHER

Everyone is Cordially Invited

EASTER REMINDS YOU

Of the dear one who has passed to his or her reward. If you have placed no monument of beautiful imperishable stone over the final resting ground, let us plan one for you. It will be your noblest tribute.

WM. HOWITT, NAPANEE

'Phone 359. **McIntosh Bros.** 'Phone 359.

(Six Stores)

Just arrived a large consignment of

Children's and Misses' Straw Hats

SEE OUR WINDOWS

RATINES

We have just received a new range of this popular cloth, in all the leading shades. Prices from 75c. yard.

CURTAIN MATERIALS

Scotch Madras from 35c. yard.

Scrim in White, Ecru and Cream from 15c. yard.

CHECK TEA TOWELLING

Extra special, our price 29c. yard. Now ladies, don't miss this lot.

ART SATEENS

All new designs from 25c. yard.

FACTORY COTTON

A regular snap at 13c. yard.

Special reductions in CHINA AND GLASSWARE.

Ask for McIntosh Bros. LAUNDRY SOAP, none better, 10-4-lb. bars for 75c.

Shop at

McINTOSH BROS., NAPANEE BRANCH.

Where You Get Value for Your Money.

Bicycle and Auto Supplies

All sizes Auto Tires at special prices; Storage Batteries at special prices; also Auto Oil, Spark Plugs, new and second-hand Bicycles.

New Soles put on Rubber Boots; Tires Vulcanized; Saws Filed; Gramophones repaired; Horse Clippers sharpened; Flash Light Batteries, Columbia Dry Cells for sale at

ALBERT SMITH'S
Bicycle Repair Shop
West of Campbell House

Hardware

of every Description

—Tools, Builders' Hardware.

—Glass, Putty.

—Paints and Oils.

—Varnishes.

—Tinware, Agateware.

—Our repair shop is at your service for furnace work, plumbing and general repairs.

DAVY & ALLISON,
Next to Caton's.

Varnish, floor wax, brushes, everything for house cleaning time. DAVY & ALLISON.

Pennsylvania Anthracite pea coal.

17-b VANLUVEN'S COAL YARD.

ASPIRIN

UNLESS you see the name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting Aspirin at all

BAYER Genuine

Accept only an "unbroken package" of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains directions and dose worked out by physicians during 22 years and proved safe by millions for

Colds	Headache	Rheumatism
Toothache	Neuralgia	Neuritis
Earache	Lumbago	Pain, Pain

Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets—Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists.

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

NEWS TOPICS OF WEEK

Important Events Which Have Occurred During the Week.

The Busy World's Happenings Carefully Compiled and Put Into Handy and Attractive Shape for Perusal by the Readers of Our Paper.

TUESDAY.

Sealing fleet making larger kill in war on seals.

Twenty thousand farm hands go on strike in Great Britain.

Young Canadian girl is shot dead by Sault Ste. Marie student.

Soviet tribunal sentences Roman Catholic archbishop to death.

Amendments to Bankruptcy Act foreshadowed by Minister of Justice.

United States flexible tariff law threatens to raise duties still higher.

Mr. Justice Cameron of Manitoba drops dead while on visit across line.

Curly Wilshur, Toronto, is awarded decision over Bobby Eber, of Hamilton.

Oakville Council has decided to adopt daylight saving at the same time as Toronto.

Sir Lomer Gouin introduces bill in Commons to prevent publication or display of tips.

William Ralph Meredith, prominent barrister, died in London following heart attack.

Ailing will grant no political concessions to Turks, according to London conference decision.

Manitoba University wins game, round and Canadian junior championship from Kitchener.

Three members of Michigan Central train are injured in minor accidents near Windsor and St. Thomas.

Toronto jury finds that dead baby found wrapped in newspaper was smothered to death, persons as yet unknown.

F. H. Keefer, K.C., of Port Arthur, says northwestern Ontario is really seriously thinking of seceding from old Ontario.

Revenue officer runs down owner of new still shipped by express, which owner says he had made to hold coal oil.

Hon. George S. Henry's bill permitting towns to have same rights as cities in enforcing the carrying of lights on horse-drawn vehicles is laid over for further discussion.

THURSDAY.

Ontario Golf Association is formed.

Hon. W. S. Fielding tables his supplementary estimates.

United States commission to probe causes of rise of sugar.

Earl of Carnarvon suffers relapse and his condition is serious.

Cabinet of Britain will not interfere in Ruhr problem at present.

Government bill provides aid for consolidated cheese factory building in Ontario.

Dorothy Smith of Bjren Cliff, aged three, fatally scalded when she falls into clothes boiler.

Debate in House winds up without hoped-for second reading of Mr. Raney's Blue Sky Bill.

Berlin agrees to Anglo-French arrangement for transport of French troops through Cologne.

Band of little Regina girls admit they are long-sought depredators of many private residences.

Wellington Hay announces that Liberal party will countenance no tinkering with Ontario Temperance Act.

Canadian Council of Agriculture decides that organization shall in future take no part in election campaigns.

Grand Trunk directors before relinquishing hold voted themselves handsome honorariums from the railway's funds.

Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux regrets needed if bringing of 100 Armenian orphans to Canada is to be successfully financed.

Ontario shareholders in L. R. Steele enterprises have formed an association, and will hold meeting in Toronto this week.

Deputation to Finance Minister at Ottawa will ask that contributions to benevolent objects be free from provisions of income tax.

Joseph Sedgwick, K.C., M.P., addresses Moderation League on operation of liquor sale under Government auspices in the sister province. Deputation from Sault Ste. Marie and North Shore wait on Premier and Cabinet, insisting on some action to develop Northern Ontario's resources.

Order of naval seaman sets example of colonial nerve. While on leave buys three automobiles, lives in the best hotels and enjoys life before arrest is made.

Sir Adam Beck warmly defends the work of Hydro engineers in connection with Chippawa development in giving evidence before Gregory Commission.

SHOWS LARGE SURPLUS

Finances of Great Britain Show Unexpected Strength.

Large Savings Effected During Year Under Heads of Civil Services and Defence, While Income Tax, Excess Profits Duty and War Stores Sales Reaped Big Revenue.

LONDON, April 2.—The extreme difficulty experienced by chancellors of the Exchequer, after the war, in estimating correctly the nation's accounts a year ahead was shown by the figures for the financial year ended March 31. Instead of a surplus of between six and seven million pounds sterling, as estimated by the former chancellor, Sir Robert S. Horne, the surplus actually exceeds £101,000,000, which by law goes automatically to the reduction of the national debt, unless Parliament should pass a special Act disposing of it otherwise.

This big surplus is mainly due to unexpectedly large reductions in expenditures, the chief saving being under the heads of civil services, which cost approximately £287,000,000, as compared with estimates of £450,000,000, and defence services of £111,000,000, as compared with an estimated £190,000,000.

On the revenue side, although the income tax was reduced, it produced £50,000,000 more than was estimated, while the excess profits duty and sale of war stores together produced £64,000,000 less than estimated.

The question uppermost in the nation's mind at the present moment is whether the budget statement Chancellor Baldwin will submit a week hence will afford any further relief from taxation. The chancellor is being bombarded with demands for such reductions, and there is general expectation of a reduction of sixpence or a shilling on the income tax, with relief in the beer and sugar duties.

It is believed, however, that the chancellor favors maintenance of the existence duties and taxes and application of all available surpluses to reduction of the national debt. The new Government is not yet very firmly seated, and it is possible that the other ministers will override the chancellor's personal views and decide for a reduction of taxation.

The present year has not been remarkable for expansion of trade, but the fact that the reduced income tax has yielded so much beyond expectations will be seized upon by those who argue that the only thing required to stimulate trade and industry is relief from heavy taxation.

There is a strong body of financial and commercial opinion in the country that the Government has pursued too conservative and too prudent a policy in the direction of deflation and reduction of the debt. This opinion conceives it preferable to reduce taxation and stimulate trade rather than to attempt further deflation, with the inevitable problems of huge unemployment.

Since, however, the chancellor can hardly expect in the coming year retrencement on the scale of the past year, and can hardly hope for any great reduction of expenditure, with the United States debt to meet, he is expected not to take too sanguine a view and estimate for a large surplus in the coming year. Everything depends in this estimate on how much he will be able to devote to reduction of taxation.

The revenue for the year ended yesterday is £210,867,421 below that of last year, while the expenditures also decreased £266,690,023. Customs and excise produced £44,527,000 less than the previous year, excess profits, duties £28,448,000; property and income tax, £19,842,000; postal service, £5,850,000; while the state duties yielded £4,680,000 more; telephone service, £3,050,000; corporation and profit tax, £1,461,000; and motor vehicles duties £1,225,000.

The principal items of expenditure were: interest on war debt, £309,780,811; funding services, £111,000,000; civil service, £286,826,000.

The expenditure for fighting services, which was £78,000,000 below the previous year, was also £64,000,000 than the estimate and more than £30,000,000 was saved on civil services, the estimates for which were £162,000,000 less than in 1921-22.

The floating debt outstanding is £309,942,500 which is a decrease of £219,573,000, as compared with the floating debt on March 31, 1922.

Rescued From Ice Flow.

WINDSOR, April 2.—Two boys were rescued from almost certain death by drowning when Constables Samuel Royan and H. W. Neal, of Windsor Police Department took them from an ice cake in Detroit River Friday night. The boys, who refused to give their names, were playing on the ice near the Windsor ferry dock, when a large cake became detached, and floated several hundred yards down the river. They were seen by the policeman, who brought the cake to the shore with long sticks and took the boys off.

Hon. John C. Kaine Dies.

QUEBEC, April 2.—Hon. John C. Kaine, member of the Legislative Council for Stadacona divisions, Minister without portfolio in the Taschereau Cabinet, died at his home on St. Ursule street, at 5 o'clock Sunday.

The passing of Mr. Kaine marks the disappearance of a prominent figure in the commercial and political life of this city for many years.

New Customs Regulations.

DUBLIN, April 2.—The Free State's new customs regulations came into effect to-day. Officers on duty at the port of Dublin examined vessels which arrived during the morning, searching the luggage of passengers and crews. There were only a few passengers and, consequently, little inconvenience and delay. Officials and shippers are satisfied the regulations will be carried out smoothly.

Sales of store buildings and vacant lots show increase during week in Toronto.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Built for Hard Work As Well as for Comfort

The "Master Four" Touring, 23-35 Special

THE McLaughlin-Buick "Master Four" Touring is the ideal car for everyday use.

It is strongly constructed to "stand up" under the most strenuous service, over all kinds of roads, in any kind of weather. It is ready with abundant power for any emergency. It is low in cost of operation and upkeep, and it is backed by such widespread and efficient service that it need never be "laid up" when wanted.

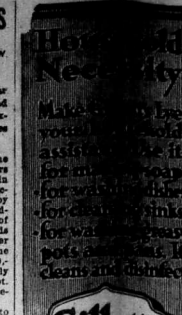
Yet it is a handsome car—one you will be proud to own. It is big enough to accommodate the family on its pleasure trips and on visits to friends and relations. It is a comfortable car—smooth riding, a real means of relaxation after a hard day's work. As to price, a close inspection will convince you of its outstanding value.

B516

There are 15 McLaughlin-Buick Models to Choose From

C. A. WISEMAN, - DEALER.

McLAUGHLIN-BUICK



FRIDAY.

O.A.L.A. annual convention takes place in Toronto.

Ontario legislators made a tour of the border cities.

Two Brockville men die from drinking wood alcohol.

Farmer near Ottawa reports seeing herd of eight deer.

Paris pays last tribute to Sarah Bernhardt, the actress.

Fear of Russo-French alliance is voiced in British Commons.

France reduces term of military service to eighteen months.

Russian executive is likely to pardon Roman Catholic priests.

London doctors revive apparently dead man by means of adrenalin, but he succumbs later.

Germany now declares her readiness to negotiate on Ruhr issue without French evacuation.

Ontario farmers welcome new snowfall, which shelters wheat and clover from extremely cold weather.

Building permits in Toronto for March total $2,021,239, an increase of more than $800,000 over last year.

Initial ceremonies of the Grotto, mystic Order, Veiled Prophets of the Enchanted Realm, held in Masonic Temple, Toronto.

Miss J. Rolston, aged 75 years, seriously injured when struck down on the street by an auto in Toronto.

Toronto reporter submits himself to diathermy—has fire for pneumonia and cold—describes his sensations.

Big legal actions, it is thought, may develop over the settlement of the affairs of the L. R. Steel enterprises in Canada.

Customs returns for fiscal year of port of Toronto amount to $54,404,109, an increase of nearly $13,000,000 over last year.

"Purely accidental," is verdict of jury on the killing of Harry Wilcox, Toronto motorist who has taken place on a Grand Trunk level crossing near Port Credit.

SATURDAY.

Jewish Feast of the Passover opens to-day.

Molina negro with pure white skin found at Egypt.

Toronto Board of Trade completes its 78th year.

German mine owners will refuse to pay tax to French.

Curling takes place at several clubs on Good Friday.

France makes big haul of German money in Rhur district.

Archbishop Zepliak gets reprieve, but vicar-general to die.

Two Toronto teams in tie for the Canadian wheat championship.

Montreal police called to calm delegations about daylight saving.

British Government decides to liberate Zaghloe, Egyptian agitator.

Premier Lenin of Russia is dying. Italian princess to wed on April 9.

Christian Church in United States makes big advance during the year.

Rum-runners founders off New Jersey coast with cargo valued at $7,500.

Two women arrested in Toronto, charged with taking wagers for bookmaker.

Party of Ontario teachers, 480 in number, go on annual visit to Washington, D.C.

Drinking on trains is not prevalent in Canada, says chairman of License Board.

One doctor and sixteen nurses sent to Constantinople to aid fight against typhoid epidemic.

Report at Sydney, N.S., that 38 warrants are prepared for steel workers on various charges.

Letter is received from Premier Poincare commending plan to build Canadian memorial church in Lens.

Long-term loans to farmers by Dominion Government asked for in resolution of Canadian Council of Agriculture.

Power magnates centered in Montreal fight great waterways scheme, says F. H. Keefer, former member from Port Arthur.

MONDAY.

Report of revolution in Roumania, with King and Queen in flight.

Rev. James S. Hyde, pastor of Orion Methodist Circuit, dies in Toronto.

Body of unknown man encased in ice found on Sunnyside Beach, Toronto.

Easter Sunday is marked in Toronto churches by special sermons and fine music.

Bulgarian War Cabinet condemned to imprisonment for entering conflict on German side.

One woman fined $200 and costs on being convicted of betting house charges at Toronto.

To prevent the winter winds from chafing the face, use a little Day Dream Vanishing Cream. Delightfully fragrant. For sale at WALLACE'S.

THE MARKETS

TORONTO MARKETS.

Manitoba wheat—No. 1 northern, $1.54.

Manitoba oats—Nominal.

Manitoba barley—Nominal.

All the above track, Bay ports.

American corn—No. 3 yellow, 81½c; No. 2, 83¾c.

Barley—Malting, 59c to 61c, according to freights outside.

Buckwheat—No. 2, 75c to 77c, according to freights outside.

Rye—No. 2, 79c to 81c, according to freights outside.

Millfeed—Montreal freights, delivered, bags included, bran, per ton, $26; shorts, per ton, $28; middlings, $28.50; good feed flour, $2.

Ontario wheat—No. 2 white, $1.14 to $1.16, according to freights outside.

Ontario No. 2 white oats, 49c to 51c.

Ontario corn—Nominal.

Ontario flour—Ninety per cent. patent, in jute bags, Montreal, prompt shipment, $5.10 to $5.20; Toronto basis, $5.05 to $5.15; bulk seaboard, $4.85 to $5.00.

Manitoba flour—1st patents, in cotton sacks, $7.10 per barrel; 2nd patents, $6.60, Toronto.

Peas—No. 2, $1.45 to $1.50.

Hay—Extra No. 2 per ton, track, Toronto, $14; mixed, $13, clover, $8; No. 1, $18 to $19.

Straw—Car lots, per ton, track, Toronto, $9.00.

CATTLE MARKETS

TORONTO LIVE STOCK.

TORONTO, April 2.—Receipts of live stock at the Union Yards last night (or today's market were: Cars, 159; Cattle, 4,300; Calves, 240; Hogs, 2,709; Sheep, 1,282.

BUFFALO LIVE STOCK.

BUFFALO, N.Y., April 2.—Cattle—Receipts, 125; steady.

Calves—Receipts, 150; $1 higher; $4.00 to $14.50.

Hogs—Receipts, 2,200; steady to 10 cents higher; heavy, $8.60 to $8.65; mixed, $8.90 to $9.00; yorkers, $9.00; light yorkers, $8.25 to $9.00; pigs, $8.25; roughs, $7.25; stags, $4.00 to $5.50.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 1,400; active and unchanged.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

CHICAGO, April 2.—Hogs—Receipts, 8,000 mostly strong to 5 cents higher; closed dull about steady; bulk desirable 150 to 190-pound averages, $8.65 to $8.80; top, $8.85; bulk 200 to 225-pound butchers, $8.10 to $8.25; pigs dull, mostly $8.25 to $8.75; estimated (holding) 4,000; heavyweights, $8.50 to $8.75; light lights, $7.50 to $8.15; packing sows, smooth, $7.30 to $7.65; packing sows, rough, $7.10 to $7.45.

Cattle—Receipts, 500; compared with a week ago beef steers, yearlings, butcher she stock largely 25c to 40c higher; bulk good heavy steers, $10.25; best matured steers, $10.40; week's bulk price low; bulk, $8.15 to $9.25; stockers and feeders, $6.50 to $7.85; beef cows and heifers, $5.75 to $7.85; canners and cutters, $2.50 to $4.15; veal calves, $8.50 to $9.00.

Sheep — Receipts, 2,500; market strong compared with a week ago; fat lambs steady to shade lower; fed yearlings, wethers and sheep strong; week's extreme top old fat lambs, $15.15; paid by shippers for bulk wool skins, $14.00 to $15.00; bronzes, $12.50 to $13.00; recently clipped light weight kinds, mostly $11.00 to $12.25; extreme weights, $9.25 to $10.00; new crop native largely $13.00 to $13.50; prime $1-pound fed yearling wethers, $14.35; others mostly $13.00 to $14.00; dry-weight wooled ewes, $9.00; clipped ewes, mostly $6.50 to $7.25; aged wethers, $9.00 to $9.50 in spots; shorn descriptions, $7.75 to $8.00.

He Is Still Alive.

KINGSVILLE, April 2. — When friends of Roy Lethrey, a tobacco buyer, encountered him upon the street here they could not believe for a time that they were gazing upon his disembodied spirit.

Lethrey, according to despatches received here, was killed in an automobile accident near Chambersburg, Pa., six weeks ago. The messages stated very explicitly that Lethrey's neck was broken and death was described as instantaneous. As the man's home is in the vicinity where the "accident" occurred, his friends here believed that he had been buried there. Some went so far as to send flowers for the obsequies.

Until he arrived here, Lethrey declares, he had no idea that he was believed dead. He had been in a slight accident, he said, but no person had been killed or even seriously injured. No explanation is offered for the false report, and Lethrey says he is satisfied to be alive.

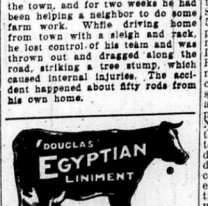
Train Hit Buggy.

TILLSONBURG, Ont., April 2.—A double fatality was very narrowly avoided Sunday morning at the M.C.R. Canal Street crossing. Delia, aged 19 years, and William, aged 11 years, children of Charles Rheaume, Tilbury East, who were driving home in a buggy from Mass, were struck by an east bound M. C. R. freight train. The train, which was just pulling out from the M. C. R. station, frightened the horse and the driver lost control of it.

Delia is suffering from a double fractured collar bone and injured left ribs and left leg. Her injuries are not fatal. William was badly shaken and bruised, but otherwise uninjured. The buggy was completely demolished and the horse killed.

Dragged to Death.

CLINTON, Ont., April 2.—Russell Pickett, a young student of the Clinton Collegiate Institute, and in his seventeenth year, died Sunday as the result of an accident last Wednesday. The young man was a son of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Pickett, who lives on the Huron road, adjoining the town, and for two weeks he had been helping a neighbor to do some farm work. While driving home from town with a sleigh and rack, he lost control of his team and was thrown out on the road, striking a tree stump, which caused internal injuries. The accident happened about fifty rods from his own home.



THE FARMER'S FRIEND

Relieves caked bag, garget, spider or infection of the teat, also thrush in horses' feet, fistula, etc. Stops bleeding at once. Removes proud flesh, soreness and swelling.

At all Dealers and Druggists.

Manufactured only by DOUGLAS & CO., NAPANEE, Ont.

Empire Cafe

Napanee's Leading Cafe — **Opposite Campbell House**

We are now operating in our new premises on Dundas street with a complete new equipment of furniture, dishes, etc., and are prepared to serve our many patrons with the best of service.

Our meals are prepared by experienced chefs and served in a dainty, tasty manner by waiters that know how to please.

Come and try our special Sunday dinner—price 50 cents.

Afternoon tea for ladies our specialty.

Come to a real city cafe for Sunday dinners. Our prices are moderate.

Weekly rates—$5.50.

Open 6.30 to 1.30. Sunday, 8.00 to 1.30

GEO. CHOW, - Manager.

Spring is at Hand!

The birds are warbling, the sun is fast dissolving earth's white mantle, all indications point to the opening of Spring. Are you prepared?

Is Your Car in Proper Running Order.

It is poor economy to drive it, if it is not. Play in bearings and working parts causes undue wear, puts extra strain on the motor, makes it less efficient, less economical on fuel and shortens life of car.

Now is the time to have your overhaul job done, while the repair man has time to do a proper job.

Our repair work is under the careful supervision of Mr. Edgerton Hall, who as an all-round, practical mechanic and experienced electrician, is second to none.

Mr. Hall will give you an estimate on the cost of your job before it is done so that you know just where you are at.

We carry a good supply of Overland parts **AND ARE READY TO GIVE SERVICE ON ALL MODELS.**

We carry a full line of Ford parts and are ready to serve all our old customers on any make of car or tractors.

We guarantee our work, and at a reasonable price.

Paul's - Garage

Commissioner of Mounted Police.

OTTAWA, April 2.—Announcement is made of the promotion of Assistant Commissioner Cortlandt Starnes, of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, to the post of commissioner, in succession to Commissioner A. B. Perry, and the promotion of Superintendent George S. Worsley, of Regina, to the assistant commissionership. Colonel Starnes has been performing the duties of commissioner for the past six months, while Commissioner Perry was on leave of absence.

Dances for Over 24 Hours.

PARIS, April 2.—Cesare Lesne, having danced for 24 hours and 20 minutes at Luna Park, has beaten all previous records for dancing. Leone commenced on Thursday night at 10 o'clock, and, under official control, danced until 10.40 o'clock Friday night. Five breaks, lasting, altogether, 20 minutes, must be subtracted from the total. During the first 12 hours his wife acted as partner. Five jazz bands were "used up" during the test.

Thirty Persons Hurt.

ROUBAIX, France, April 2.—Thirty persons were injured in street fighting yesterday between the police and two hostile groups of workmen. One group was holding an open air meeting to commemorate the fiftieth anniversary of the trade syndicate, and Communists tried to stage an opposition meeting nearby.

Trouble started when the respective groups tried to drown out the other's speakers.

GET YOUR SEED CORN NOW

Improved Leeming.....$1.20 bus.

Mammoth Southern Sweet .....$1.20 bus.

Also car Feed Corn coming at $2.00 per cwt., off cars.

All kinds of Flour and Feed, Clover and Timothy Seeds, and Frost Fencing and Gates always on hand.

FRED. A. PERRY,

Dundas Street,

NAPANEE, - ONTARIO.

Opposite Campbell House.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the Estate of Anna Lloyd, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 121 of the Revised Statutes of Ontario 1914, Section 56, and amending acts, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Anna Lloyd, late of the Township of Richmond, in the County of Lennox and Addington, widow, deceased, who died on or about the second day of January, A.D., 1923, are required to deliver or send by post prepaid to John English, Napanee, Ontario, Solicitor for the Executors of the last will and testament of the said Anna Lloyd, deceased, on or before the 14th day of April, A.D., 1923, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions with full particulars of their claims & demands duly verified and the nature of the security, (if any) held by them.

And further take notice that after the said 14th day of April, A.D., 1923, the Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate amongst the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims or demands of which they shall then have received notice and shall not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person or persons of whose claims or demands they shall not have received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

JOHN ENGLISH,

Solicitor for said Executors.

Dated this 14th day of March, A.D., 1923. 16-d

MORTGAGE SALE.

Under and by virtue of the powers contained in a certain mortgage which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale by Public Auction on Tuesday, the tenth day of April, 1923, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, at the office of T. B. German, 60 John Street, Napanee, Ontario, the following property, viz:

All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Township of Fredericksburgh, in the County of Lennox and Addington, and Province of Ontario, and being composed of Lots numbers Five (5) and Six (6) according to a plan of the west half of Concession Two (2), south of the Macadamized road in the seventh Concession of the said Township of Fredericksburgh, registered by the late F. W. Nash, P. L. S., and registered in the Registry Office for the County of Lennox and Addington, on the twenty-first day of July, 1867. The said two lots containing by admeasurement eight acres of land more or less. The said property is situate on what is known as Roblin's Hill, adjacent to the Town of Napanee and is a very desirable property for some one who would require a few acres of land with comfortable buildings thereon. The property will be offered for sale subject to conditions of sale which will be read at the time of sale.

Terms of Sale: 10 per cent of the purchase money to be paid down at the time of sale, and the balance to be paid withing 15 days.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to T. B. German, Esq., Barrister-at-law, Napanee, Ontario, Solicitor for the mortgagee.

T. B. GERMAN,

Solicitor for Mortgagee.

Dated at Napanee, this 8th day of March, A.D., 1923.. 15-d

Dairy Supplies.

Milk cans, pails, pans, cream pails, churns, butter bowls, Mc-Kay's best always in stock. WILSON'S HARDWARE.

The MAN NOBODY KNEW

By

Holworthy Hall

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Virtuous, was Mr. Cullen. A churchgoer and a communicant, was Mr. Cullen. A giver of alms, and a friend to his friends—but in forgetting that the evil that men do shouldn't rightfully be allowed to live on after them, and in remembering, perhaps too clearly at that moment, the final interview he had held with Dicky Morgan, Mr. Cullen throttled repentance into a state of furious helplessness, and brought back Hilliard to his senses.

"Yes," said Hilliard, "he had plenty to be sorry for, and he was. Of his troubles here, I'm not capable of sitting as judge. Instead, I sat as confessor. So that you'll be more interested in that part of his life which you evidently haven't known about, and I have. He left here, I think, in December. He hadn't any fixed purpose; all he wanted was to find a place where he could begin over again on a fresh basis, and make a man of himself. . . . For that much, at least, you can give him credit."

"And I do," said Cullen, approvingly.

Hilliard, swept again by the nearness of deliverance from his deceits, leaned forward. A strong indorsement of Morgan's ambition at this juncture might yet have brought about a recantation.

"I'm glad you do, Mr. Cullen. . . . I think myself it was the only course he could have taken." He hung perilously upon the response; it would either justify or condemn his present attitude.

"That's probably why he took it," said Mr. Cullen. "Oh, I'm fair enough to him, Mr. Hilliard, but as for judgment—" He shook his head firmly. "What made him go to France?"

Hilliard sat back. The gates of truth clanged shut.

"That came to him as the logical course," he said shortly. "He'd met with some brother adventurers in New York, and they put the idea into his head. He had no money, so that he worked his passage across on the Menette, a French tramp, in January, 1915. On the other side, he met a lieutenant of artillery who took a fancy to him. As you undoubtedly know, he spoke French like a native, and that made it easy for him. France is a land of papers, and of records; and papers and records can be created, shuffled—when there's a reason. The reason was that a republic needed men—and the lieutenant was willing to be a forger if that were a condition to his being a patriot. His conception of patriotism was to make every able-bodied man in the service of France. But at that time, the war was still rather exclusive as far as Americans were concerned. So that Dicky Morgan disappeared from earth—and there was a new soldier of the sixty-ninth Territorials by the name of Pierre Dutout . . . 'Peter Nobody.'"

"What!" said Mr. Cullen.

Hilliard shrugged his shoulders.

"I said he told me much about himself. He sailed under his own name, and I dare say you can verify that in New York. But when he landed, he took an alias. He had wanted to start over again, unhampered. Nothing could have been more opportune than this chance. See what it gave him! He simply dropped out of the world. . . . It was the possibility of losing himself utterly that first appealed to him. And there must have been a good cause."

"Yes," said Mr. Cullen absently. "There was. But . . . always theatrical, Dick was. That was to like him—to do just that sort of thing, and to do it just that way."

"As nearly as I could gather," said Hilliard, "he had been practically . . . or . . . controlled here. Is that correct?" He noted that Angela flinched at the suggestion, and that her head was drooping very low.

"Y-e-s, but there was a good reason for it."

"Oh! dad!" said Angela, pleadingly, below her breath. "Please don't say things like that—I can't stand any more—"

"What his offense may have been, I don't know," said Hilliard, plunging doggedly into his narrative. "But he left town, so he told me, in a tremendous revulsion of feeling. His one ambition was to make something of himself, to wash out the past—to justify his existence. And he went overseas with the idea of genuine service and sacrifice. And very soon, terribly soon . . . during a night attack . . . they got him." Hilliard paused effectively. "There wasn't a chance in a hundred for him to recover, and he knew it. And then it came to him, blindingly and desperately, that the world—that is, the world which had known him in his failures—would never hear what he had done. He had made his sacrifice, and it was useless. In hospital, he was Pierre Dutout, you see . . . and between that character, and his own, was the barrier of the subterfuge he had grasped so eagerly—his alias, and his false record. No one would have any reason to doubt that he wasn't what he purported to be. He craved to tell someone; to send back a message to his old friends; and I happened to be there—and he confided in me. And here I am, Mr. Cullen. Bringing credentials. Now, in the first place, I have a photograph of him, taken from his original passport." He produced it from his pocket, and offered it to Mr. Cullen. "Is there any mistake, sir? Or is it the Dick Morgan you know?"

After EVERY Meal

give your digestion a "lick" with WRIGLEY'S.

Sound teeth, a good appetite and proper digestion mean MUCH to your health.

WRIGLEY'S is a helper in all this work—a pleasant, beneficial pick-me-up.

D39

Mr. Cullen switched on a standing lamp; Angela hid her face, and shrank back from the white electric glare.

"Yes—yes." He gave the tiny picture to his daughter. "There's no question about it, Mr. Hilliard."

"That's Dick!" said Angela agonizedly.

"With his signature, of course—you recognize it, do you?"

"It's a bit too flattering fast enough," conceded Mr. Cullen. He looked up at Hilliard, and his brows were furrowed, as though he were struggling to comprehend what all this had to do with the Cullen family. "You, dramatic boy, he was—always. Showsdon't it?"

"Dramatic—yes. That is—imaginative. Venturesome. And it's a quality that sometimes makes heroes, Mr. Cullen. . . . Would you have called him brave?"

"I'm not sure of that, sir. I—"

"I would!" said Angela. "I would!"

"Foolhardy, often. But brave . . ."

"Wait, then!" said Hilliard, motioning. He was transfixed by the vision of Angela Cullen, who had started up in passionate defense of an old-time playmate; her cheeks were flushed, her eyes were shining, she was ineffably appealing in her tearless grief and in her loyalty. For the first time, Hilliard could see how the passing years had brought out the woman in her; he could see, under the dazzling light of the porch lamp, what an adorable champion he had left behind him. Her vehemence thrilled him; his own cheeks reddened, and his heart was abruptly quickened at the sight of her at the same time that it congealed from her father's estimate. "You know," he said, "that bravery under fire has a peculiar reward. It's called a citation. In orders. You think that Morgan wasn't brave, Mr. Cullen. But there's proof. A proof that even you must recognize." He tempered his voice. "For here," he said, whipping a folded paper into view, "is what the republic of France says about him! Here is the record that will endure as long as France does. Here, Mr. Cullen, is Dicky Morgan's citation! . . ."

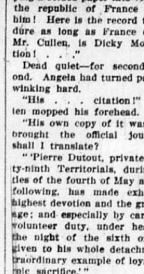
Read quietly for second after second. Angela had turned pale; she was winking hard.

"His citation!" Mr. Cullen mopped his forehead.

"His own copy of it was lost, but I brought the official journal . . . I shall I translate?

"'Pierre Dutout, private of the sixty-ninth Territorials, during the battles of the fourth of May and the days following, has made exhibit of the highest devotion and the greatest courage; and especially by carrying out a volunteer duty, under heavy fire on the night of the sixth of May, has given to his whole detachment an extraordinary example of loyalty and heroic sacrifice.'"

He gave the newspaper to Mr. Cullen. "And here—is his Croix de Guerre." On impulse, he handed it not to Mr. Cullen, whose palm was ready for it, but to Angela.



"And Here Is His Croix de Guerre."

She had taken the decoration half fearfully, and she had glanced at Hilliard with an expression so curiously combined of awe and joy and jealousy that his own eyes wavered, and he had momentarily averted his gaze. When he had ventured to turn to her again, she had carried one hand to her breast, pressed tightly, she was looking down at the bronze cross in her lap, and her shoulders were shaking perceptibly. Hilliard gripped the arms of his chair, and every muscle of him was drawn tense . . . his farce was sudden tragedy, and horror clutched at him. Angela was crying . . . stoical, by supreme effort, at the news of Morgan's death, she was crying, now that she believed he had died gloriously. It was a hard problem for him to analyze . . . it was so magnificently complimentary and inconsistent . . .

"It would seem to me," said Mr. Cullen, somewhat thickly, "that he wiped the slate clean enough for all practical purposes, anyway." He took the war cross from Angela's nerveless fingers, and examined it curiously. He looked at Angela, and slipped his arm around her; she sat up straighter, and drew a shivering breath. "I may have been wrong in my judgment," said Mr. Cullen soberly.

Hilliard, who had been moodily sunk in revery, fumbled a third time in his inner coat pocket.

"He sent you a letter," he said. "I suppose you've been wondering, under all the circumstances, what brought me up here to you. It wasn't to eulogize him particularly; it was to bring you his message. And perhaps I'd better say now that he made me read it . . ."

With Angela peering hard over his shoulder, Mr. Cullen strained to decipher the uneven penmanship. He began to read aloud:

"Dear Mr. Cullen:

"I am asking Mr. Henry Hilliard to bring you this letter personally. I want him to tell you what I'm not writing, too. And you can tell other people, if you care to.

"I want you to know that since I've had time to think, I've changed my mind about a good many things. I've come to the conclusion that you were right and I was wrong. Maybe you won't remember the last talk we had together, but I do. You told me then that I didn't have it in me to make good unless I learned that I was about the most worthless young man in town, and the one to start in harder was to hoe in order to make something out of myself, and set out from there. Well, I've learned it. I had to. Of course, I couldn't agree with you at the time. That wouldn't have been expected. But over here I've had one lesson after another. Some of them were pretty bitter, but they've all helped. And since May, when I was hurt, I've had lots of time to think them over.

"I never deserved your kindness and now I can't ever repay it. But it may please you to know that this war has taught me what you tried to, and couldn't—that I was as close to zero value at home as a man could be. It's only through this war that I've got any pride in myself, and I'm enough like Kipling's gentleman ranker—I'm proud of myself because I've done away with all the other kinds of pride I used to have. And I believe I've made good—not as a great general, but as a decent soldier. That was the trouble at home—I was only fit to be a private, and I thought I could be a general off hand. You said I'd do well if I learned that, and I have. They gave me the Croix de Guerre, and in a way that proved it, doesn't it? Notice that they didn't even make me a corporal, though! That's all right—I haven't had enough training yet to be a corporal! It's curious that I'll admit that, isn't it?

"I want you to know that I've thought of you a great deal. I don't blame you for letting me go. I did once, but I don't now. Please think of me, though, as a man who came through the mud-hell, even if he'd been pretty hopeless before.

"Hilliard, the best man in the world, has promised to bring you this letter. I hope you'll be glad to see him, and to hear his side of the story. This is my apology and my blessing. I think it's worth anything to you. I send a kiss to Angela.

"R. M."

Mr. Cullen ended with a falling inflection, and let the hand which held the letter drop to his knee.

"The letter, as you might guess from the looks of it," said Hilliard, "was written at several different times—according to his strength. I want you to realize, too, Mr. Cullen, that it was no small effort for him to write that. And then I was in Switzerland when he died, and his possessions had all gone to one of those tape-bound bureaus, so that I had a fearful time to identify myself and get what he had meant me to have, and after that, I had to make a sudden trip to Russia, and back to England again. There were delays—delays. I was ill for several months myself; I had typhoid in London. I should have mailed these things to you long ago, but he had begged me to come in person, and I had promised. And every day I expected that in another week or two I should start for home. I feel that I owe you this explanation and great plea for forgiveness for what must seem to you like gross indifference on my part. But I landed hardly two weeks ago, and I came up to you at the earliest possible moment."

"In some ways, he was a most remarkable young man," said Mr. Cullen, irrelevantly. "Nobody ever understood why he turned out such a black sheep. Came from a fine old family. I suppose his father was one of the most loved men in Dundas county. Dick lived for years on his father's reputation, after people stopped noticing him on his own account. Just took advantage of the fact that nobody could quite bear to be harsh to his father's son. But he was always a wild young chap, nothing very bad, except that just too much of anything—including liquor—was just enough for him! Had too quick a temper to be diplomatic enough to hold a job, and didn't care much about working hard, and finally the tide turned, and he began to get treated just as if his father hadn't been a sort of popular idol, and then his disposition soured, and he made some bad mistakes. I gave him the last job he ever had in Syracuse, but I had to let him go . . . and I told him some plain facts when I did. That's what he refers to."

"I assumed," said Hilliard, hesitatingly, "that at one time he had been what you might call . . . disappointed in love? Something was weighing on him—he practically admitted . . . but that was the point that he didn't appear to want to confess, even to me."

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And Turned to Face the Girl He Had Tried to Die For.

"He was engaged to Carol Durant," Angela had taken the cross again, and held it like a precious relic. "She broke it off, just before he went away."

"The day before," added Mr. Cullen. "That was one of the two reasons why he went."

Hilliard nodded.

"I see. . . . On account of his habits?"

"That was the gossip," said Mr. Cullen heavily. "Doctor Durant was supposed to have—"

"Didn't he write to her?" asked Angela, raising her eyes.

"Not that I . . ." He stopped quickly. "I trust you'll forgive me, but I'd imagined from various remarks he made at different times, that he was really . . . that he was greatly attached to you."

Angela shook her head. She was both dignified and shaken by the suggestion. Her father, however, nodded in the negative.

"Angela wasn't much more than fifteen, sir. They were great friends; he was very fond of her. No, it was Carol Durant he was engaged to. Didn't he ask you to see her?"

"No."

"But you will, I hope, won't you?"

"You can see Carol here tonight, if you care to," said Angela, uncertainly. "She and . . . and a friend of hers are coming over to talk about another Red Cross drive. Carol's on the committee. They ought to be here any minute now."

"Yes," said Hilliard. "If I'm going to see her, I think I should rather—see her here."

Mr. Cullen sighed stertorously.

"Well, perhaps it's better . . . and I shall want to telephone this to the Herald if you don't object. It's the least we can do, all things considered." . . . He reflected a moment. "How are you staying in town, Mr. Hilliard?"

"I've made no plans whatsoever," he said, after a slight pause. "I sold my interests to a British syndicate of bankers two months ago. My home is where my baggage is. I'm thinking of taking a day or two to see certain of Dick's friends—the ones he talked about most—and after that, the future is on the knees of the gods."

Mr. Cullen regarded him with sincere respect.

"It would give me great pleasure," he said, a trifle pompously, "if you would be my guest for the time you're here, Mr. Hilliard. I would please me very much indeed." Hilliard's heart pounded.

"And me too," said Angela, gently. Hilliard's heart threatened to suffocate him; not entirely because the game was going so infinitely better than he had dared to hope, but also because it was Angela who entreated him.

"It's wonderfully good of you," he protested, "but I couldn't disturb you to that extent. Thank you, but—"

Mr. Cullen stopped him by an incisive gesture.

"You won't disturb us in the slightest! I wish you'd come with us, Mr. Hilliard. I should feel much better than having you stay downtown."

"Well—" said Hilliard, dubiously. His soul was filled with unholy joy, but his outward demeanor was deprecatory. "It's ever so kind of you; still—"

"As a favor to me," urged Mr. Cullen.

"As a favor to me," echoed Angela, and Hilliard looked attentively at her, and was obviously swayed. She noticed it; he had intended her to notice it. He gave her a smile which had the power, even in her somber mood, to draw a faint response in kind.

"If you're sure it won't be a hardship to you—"

"Nonsense! It's settled, then, is it? I'll send one of my cars down for your things."

Hilliard's eyes flickered at the ingenuous vanity; he had recently learned that Mr. Cullen had made more money during the past twelve months than during the previous twelve years.

"Well," he said, "if you're so charitable as to insist—"

"I do, sir, I do! . . . You're at the Onondaga, of course?"

Angela, who had been listening intently, started up at the unmistakable echo of footfalls on the walk.

"Here comes Carol!" she gasped. "And . . . and Jack! Oh, Mr. Hilliard! Oh, dad! Who's going to tell her?"

As Mr. Cullen flinched, Hilliard put out his hand in a motion of supreme restraint. "Whatever Dick Morgan may have been at home," he said, "I knew him after he offered his life for a great ideal, and I'm proud that he called me his friend. I'll tell Miss Durant myself, please. It's my right."

And turned to face the girl he had tried to die for, and failed.

CHAPTER IV.

She had always been, when he last saw her, the outstanding beauty of Syracuse, but he was astounded to behold what the interval of two years had done for her. She had taken upon herself a new maturity of her figure, exceptionally graceful, was still slender; but suggestive of a more womanly, a more inclusive charm.

He was being presented to her! He, who had kissed her a thousand times, was undergoing the ritual of presentation!—and she was smiling at him with those grave, sweet eyes of hers, and calling him by his adopted name! His mask of protection had never seemed so slight, so insufficient; the fragrance of her, and the illusion caused by this, threatened his balance and set his nerves on edge; fortunately, the routine of the conventions intervened to save him from his inarticulateness. For one thing, there was the rite of introduction to Armstrong, and after that there was a dash of promiscuous conversation, with not a little weather philosophy in it. Then came the inexorable hush caused by the presence of a stranger whose fads and fancies are still a matter of conjecture, and out of that hush, a question, and Hilliard was suddenly visited by a species of self-hypnosis.

If he had been moved at all by the sight of Carol Durant, now . . . as a younger sister, he was, by comparison, shaken as by a whirlwind by the sight of Carol Durant, whom he had loved as a woman. Not on the train, not at the hotel, not even when he witnessed Angela's severe grief, had he remotely conceived that this instant would be so difficult to surmount. What in New York had seemed a regeneration, and earlier on this same evening had appeared a very dubious deception, was rapidly taking upon itself the color of irremediable wrong. His imagination was aroused beyond his control; and as he stared in dumb suspense at Carol, recalling a thousand episodes and a thousand privileges of the long ago, he was preyed upon by a slow-stealing grimness of despair which left him sick with misery.

She was waiting for an answer—and the others were waiting, too, and watching him. He felt that guilt was stamped on his every feature . . . he felt that every thought of his must be as apparent to the four who were for him to speak.

He was himself and he was not himself; he was ostensibly Henry Hilliard, a man in whom it couldn't be suspected that the heart and soul of Dicky Morgan were embodied! He was transcendentalist; a spectator at his own funeral. Sight of the Croix de Guerre of poor Pierre Dutout, who in bequeathing that impressive bit of bronze to him, hadn't dreamed that he was leaving a heritage of chicanery along with it, engendered in Hilliard a thrill which nearly found its outlet in a paroxysm of wild laughter. And the newspaper, with Dutout's most genuine citation in it! And the odd passport photograph which he had hidden for fear that his real name, indorsed on it, might be cabled home, together with proof to the world that he hadn't been a hero—that he had failed in life, as in every other undertaking of his life. And all the dates in accuracy! And if anyone cared to trace back the story, where was the flaw? Where was there a loophole? And who would recognize Dick Morgan in his cloak and mask of utter miracle?

Who had?

Lightningslike, his brain included all the salient items of the picture in a single flash. There was Dicky Morgan, sailing away to France—which could be proved. There was a number, and a name attached to it, and—since Hilliard's sturdy defense of Dicky Morgan had had a grain of truth in it, and one of the steps of his many-sided progress carefully omitted—a name had really been assumed, and had endured from the date of enlistment to the date of discharge. It was the individual's recorded name in the army and at Neuilly—and it wasn't Morgan and it wasn't Hilliard and it wasn't Dutout. No one here knew it, or ever would know it; even Harmon didn't know it; it was the first subliquot of a shell-torn individual who had been taken to Neuilly, and had been made whole again. No one at Neuilly had ever set eyes on Dicky Morgan's real face! But a certain man named Dutout had been decorated and died, and that could be proved—was proved! Hilliard had borrowed Dutout's name in perfect safety; and the trail was cold. And here was a fourth man, Hilliard—to take his word for it—and the world is larger than the curiosity of sincere people to encompass.

No—if a Neuilly surgeon ever told us one of the mysterious chapters of the war what had happened to a certain gloomy individual that summer, the name would suggest nothing. And as far as checking up the visits of a mythical Hilliard to a very real Dutout was concerned, who would profess to remember? The testimony of any single witness would be immaterial.

The voice of Carol Durant was echoing in Hilliard's ears, and Hilliard, yielding to a tidal wave of recklessness, and of swelling anger at imaginary wrongs, looked squarely into Carol's eyes, and spoke with winning urgency.

"Yes," he said. "I have news of Morgan. In fact, I'm here in Syracuse solely because I have it. I've just been telling Mr. Cullen—and Miss Cullen—that I was with him when he died."

She didn't speak, at first; she merely looked at Hilliard and grew very white, and her lips quivered. Presently she swayed a little, and reached out with her hand toward the back of a convenient chair. Armstrong stepped toward her, and Angela Cullen slipped an arm around her waist.

"He's . . . dead?" she repeated, and her tone was hot yet free from a certain incredulity, as though the fact were of itself impossible, and the statement of it subject to discussion.

"Yes, Miss Durant."

She moistened her lips; her eyes were very bright, unnaturally bright, so that Hilliard was fascinated, and appalled.

"You . . . You know that?" she asked, again with that queer inflection of amazed doubt.

"Yes, I know it."

The others were standing as statues; Mr. Cullen, snatching at the first idea of consolation to present itself, fumbled for his daughter's other hand which still retained the trophy a better man had won.

"Here's what they gave him, Carol! Look! The Croix de Guerre! Don't let's think of anything but what he . . . let's be proud of him! I—"

"Oh, yes," she said inertly, and took the cross in her palm. She dropped her eyes for a moment, then raised them to the level of Hilliard's. "Didn't he send some word to me?"

"No." Hilliard's nod was very unmaterial. "No, I'm sorry, but—"

Her eyebrows lifted, and her nostrils dilated the merest trifle. Her breath was coming more rapidly now; she was nearing the breaking point of her resistance, and all of them knew it. The moment was agonizedly prolonged. Hilliard, gazing without a quaver at the girl he had thought he loved beyond all else in this world or the next, was singularly relaxed as he observed her symptoms. She had really cared, then . . . so much the greater pity that she hadn't kept him caring . . . as she might.

"Can that be possible?" she said, hardly above a whisper.

"I'm sorry—but—"

"I wouldn't have believed it could be true." She gave a long, tremulous breath, and looked about her, half-dazed and half-perceptive. Her eyes strayed back to Hilliard. "Tell me about it," she said, almost inaudibly.

"Carol, dear!" Angela was stimulated to active sympathy. "Sit down—please! I'm sure Mr. Hilliard—"

(To be continued.)

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Here Is an Explanation Of the Cost of Royalty To the People of England

In anticipation of the Duke of York's marriage to Lady Elizabeth Bowes-Lyons the information has been imparted from London that when the event takes place the duke's income will be raised from £10,000 to £25,000 a year, thus lifting the civil list—what the nation annually pays for supporting their Majesties and certain relatives and royal institutions—up to £684,000, or, in round numbers, about three million gold dollars.

Only when the civil list comes up for readjustment by Parliament on the accession of a new sovereign, as it did in 1910, does the English press pay much attention to the subject—then there are protests from the Socialists and even labor complains.

As a matter of fact royalty, even at the cost of $3,000,000 a year, is a good investment for the British nation. The sovereign owns property by inheritance the revenue from which, if administered as a business corporation, probably would be double that sum, the right to which the sovereign surrenders on accession in exchange for the civil list. Should royalty be abolished and no alteration be made in the rights of private property, the former sovereign would come into full possession of the inherited property, and large sums from the civil list would become budgetary credits—notably the items for maintaining the royal palaces — to which would have to be added the expenses of the new Government, which could hardly be less than their present Majesties' privy purse, now £110,000 per annum, and on which an income tax is paid.

In the civil list as arranged in 1910 the direct stipend voted their Majesties as salaries and expenses, upkeep of palaces and royal bounty, amounted to £470,000 annually. To this was added the annual sum of £163,000 as "provision for other members of the royal family" including the annuity to Queen Alexandria of £70,000. The total of £628,000 since then has been augmented by £46,000, and a still further increase is in prospect when the Duke of York marries, in the following manner: The civil list of 1910 being based on that of the late King Edward VII., no provision was made for the Prince of Wales, as his yearly income from the Duchy of Cornwall, £42,000, was deemed quite sufficient. But other engagements were entered into, some of which have matured and been met. Each of the other sons — one has since died, leaving four — is to receive an annuity of £10,000 on reaching his majority, while the daughter was to receive £6,000 on attaining her majority or in the event of her marriage. When a son married, his annuity of £10,000 was to be raised to £25,000. Thus we have the present total of the original grant of £623,000 increased by £15,000 when the duke marries, making the prospective total £684,000. There is another possible increase. In the event of the heir to the throne marrying, the Princess of Wales will receive £10,000 per annum, to be increased to £20,000 should she survive her husband.

Just as the Prince of Wales receives the revenues of the Duchy of Cornwall, so his father receives those of the Duchy of Lancaster, which are only about £3,000 more than those received from Cornwall, although the gross revenue averages annually: Lancaster, £115,000, and Cornwall, £160,000. There is little doubt that a business-like administration of these estates, removed from political influences, would greatly diminish the difference between the gross and the net receipts and measurably add to the income of the owners if they were private persons. There is no possible doubt of their present legal ownership. The Duchy of Lancaster, with the estates therein, came to John of Gaunt in 1361 by his marriage with the heiress, and on the succession of his only son, Henry IV., in 1399, became merged in the crown. In the case of Cornwall, that has been considered the property of successive heirs apparent from 1337, when Edward III. created Cornwall a duchy for his son, Edward, the Black Prince, thus making him the first English duke.

Parliament for ages has been nibbling at the revenues of these two duchies, and it is likely that should royalty be abolished a serious question of ownership would come up. It would very likely be argued for the crown that the estates of the duchies had been held in fee royal and must, therefore, become the property of the nation on the passing of the royal functions of the owners.

The same argument, however, could hardly be held in regard to the crown lands, the revenues of which each sovereign surrenders to the nation on accession in exchange for the civil list. The title to these crown lands never has been disputed, but has been emphasized throughout English history in various ways. Prior to the Norman Conquest the property of the sovereign was arranged in three categories — private estate, demesne, or property held by prerogative, and rights over the folkland. After the Conquest the three became merged into the estate of the crown, which was successively increased by confiscation, escheat, forfeiture, etc. This estate of the crown, now known as crown lands, could legally be disposed of at will by the sovereign until the reign of William III. (1694-1702), when the practical disposals so impoverished royal real estate that Parliament intervened and limited his leases to thirty years. In the next reign, that of Anne, they were set at thirty-one years, or "three lives." And in her reign the revenues of the crown lands were reckoned when royal grants were made.

A THEORY EXPLODED.

"Hamlet" Was Not Mirror of British Court.

"The hypothesis that Shakespeare composed 'Hamlet' in order to expose a court scandal, and inveigh against glaring sins of the times, is not supported by any evidence whatever; at least Prof. Thompson produces none," writes Mr. Horace Furness, Jr., the eminent Shakespearean scholar, in the North American Review.

"We should be furnished with facts as to Shakespeare's source of his knowledge. We should be shown that Shakespeare was smarting under rebuffs from those high in office, and thus divulged state secrets out of spite. We should be shown that Shakespeare's particular animus was against Leicester, and should be told the incidents which aroused it. Without this information there is no reason why Shakespeare should rake up concealed facts in a case which had been discussed and sifted almost before he was born—Amy Robsart died in 1560—and throw out veiled hints accusing the principal agents, one of whom, Leicester, had died ten or twelve years before Shakespeare wrote his play.

"What person then witnessing the play would cast his memory back thirty years or more and at once apply some obscure reference to a case which had long since ceased to excite any interest whatever; and even had Shakespeare openly avowed his belief in Leicester's guilt, who would have paid any attention, or attached any importance, to the words of a young playwright, who at that date, 1598, was only beginning his career?

"Mention is made of but two Quartos, 1603 and 1604, as appearing before the Folio of 1623, whereas there were three others, one in 1605, one in 1611, and one undated, a clear witness to the great popularity of the play, although Mr. Thompson several times refers to it as but scarce to the general. The Quarto of 1604 is evidently a re-written version of the play as it appeared in 1602; there are many additions and some omissions. But even Mr. Thompson declares that 'it is an inescapable conclusion that in the revised version Shakespeare introduced a large element of the personal question,' it is taking for granted that we know just what that personal equation might be.

"Did Shakespeare ever show himself completely? Such phrases as 'beyond doubt,' 'it is quite certain,' are somewhat dangerous when applied to a theory touching Shakespeare's creations, and are apt to excite antagonism, in place of acquiescence. Until we have more positive evidence of Shakespeare's own character I, for one, shall not accept this dogmatic assertion that Hamlet is Shakespeare."

Handwriting of Monarchs In the British Museum Is Filled With Character

Some years ago a thriving business was done by certain professors of the physiognomy of writing, who for a small fee would delineate the character of a correspondent.

This art appears to have died out. But it remains true that handwriting bears an analogy to the temperament of the writer; and an interesting afternoon may be spent over a collection of autographs, say in the Manuscript Room of the British Museum, pompously the penmanship of celebrated personages, and deducing therefrom their leading characteristics.

If the handwriting of the occupants of the English throne is studied in this way, the student will discover illuminating indications of the tendencies of sovereign lords and ladies.

Henry VIII. wrote a strong hand, but, as an antiquarian of the eighteenth century observed, as if he seldom had a good pen. The vehemence of his character conveys itself into his writing; bold, hard, and commanding, the dashes of the monarch pope's supremacy in England must have split many a good quill.

Elizabeth, on the other hand, was an elegant penman, and used the upright Italian hand which has recently been revived in many schools under the name of "script." Her teacher in the elegancies of the pen was Roger Ascham, tutor also of the unfortunate Lady Jane Grey.

The elaboration of Elizabeth's signature suggests ostentation and capacity for intrigue. Contrast it with the calligraphy of her cousin, Mary Stuart. Here we find elegantly formed characters, but uneven lines; and in those letters penned in haste and mental distress the handwriting loses all form and shapeliness, disclosing the impetuousness and instability of the unhappy queen's character.

As one would suppose, James I., that "wisest of fools," wrote a slovenly scrawl, illustrating clearly the sloppiness of his personal habits and mental processes. His eldest son, Prince Henry, was one of the best penmen any royal house has produced. Henry IV. of France, on receiving a letter from him, compared the writing with the signature, unable at first to believe that a prince could excel in an art in which the French monarch himself had but little skill.

Henry's brother, Charles I., also used the Italian handwriting, and was perhaps the best writer who has ever worn the English crown, as, indeed, he was the most artistic in his tastes. The natural restlessness and tyranny of the Merrie Monarch are advertised in his small, running handwriting, that bears the marks of haste to be done with a business that kept him from his pleasures.

The most revealing calligraphy, however, is the fair round hand of Anne, common-place and superficial as the personality of that most ignorant of monarchs. Queen Victoria's handwriting, on the other hand, is full of character: small, well-formed, delicate but resolute, the letters are a mirror of the mind of the "Widder at Windsor" who ruled her far-flung Empire for sixty-four long years.

The instrument of all these royal writers was the quill pen, though in her later years Queen Victoria abandoned her prejudice against novelties so far as to use the steel pen. At the present time monarchs, like their subjects, avail themselves of the improvements which human ingenuity has wrought in the pen, and our own King, the Queen Mother, the Prince of Wales, and Princess Mary are firm devotees of the fountain pen. The pen with a reservoir is equally popular with the rulers of Italy, Belgium, Spain, and Roumania.

Those who are fortunate enough to possess autographs of these exalted personages may derive pleasure and instruction from comparing their penmanship, aided by the latest triumph of mechanical invention, with that of their predecessors, who had to depend upon what the poet called "Nature's noblest gift — the gray goose quill."

BRING BACK THE QUAIL

Encourage this Splendid Game Bird on the Farm.

How We Lost Our Quail — Most Birds Are Friends of Farmers—Quail Destroy Weed Seeds and Insects—How to Entice Them Back.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

Why not have lots of quail? When they were plentiful we had a great deal of first-class gunning. By gunning overmuch and not protecting them in the winter, we have almost lost the Bob-White of our boyhood. Now we have the potato bug and gun for it with paris-green. Why not have the quail, plus the sport of gunning, back, and get rid of some of these potato bugs at the same time?

How We Lost the Quail.

In the old days the farm boy shot a few brace of quail. The city sport came out, and a few brace were not enough for him. Further and further did you have to go.

The brush heaps, natural shelter for the quail, were cleared up and burned. Every foot of ground was cleared for the plough or for pasture. Then when the heavy snows came, followed by sleet, there was less and less shelter. The hard crust prevented the snow for two or three days, and whole bevies were starved or frozen. It was an unequal fight against man and nature. Nothing alone could be fought, but when man too was to be contended with, the quail gave up the ghost.

Most Birds Are the Farmers' Friends.

The question is, do you wish them back? I believe you will when you give it a little thought. You, to-day, are fighting an uphill fight against insects and weeds. Each hour you spend in this way is a distinct loss. Why not gain these hours? You do not have to lose them. Our policeman of the air can do a much better job than you can, and will charge you nothing except a little attention.

Let us very briefly take up the general question of loss from insects and noxious weeds, and in this connection show what the birds we now have are doing in the United States, the annual loss is computed at $800,000,000. What percentage of this could be saved if the bird population was normal? Our bird population to-day is only one-tenth of what it might be.

To give a concrete example: It is estimated that the State of Massachusetts, with an area of 8,000 square miles, has not less than five wild birds to the acre, or with a population of 25,600,000. From observation and dissection, a conservative estimate of the number of insects consumed by each insectivorous bird is one hundred per day. That means the consumption of the enormous total of 2,560,000,000 insects. That means the daily consumption of chiefly obnoxious insects in Massachusetts is 21,000 bushels.

Quail Destroy Weed Seeds and Insects.

One-half of the quail's food consists of weed seeds, while four-fourth of grain, mostly taken from the stubble, and about fifteen per cent. of insects. The insects chiefly consumed are the potato beetle, cucumber beetle, chinch bugs, wire worms, etc. In winter they destroy the seeds of 126 kinds of noxious weeds. A conservative estimate of amount of food eaten each day would be two ounces. Can you see how your potato beetle, cut-worm, and all Bob-White were plentiful? The United States Department of Agriculture states that each quail on the farm is worth $20 to the farmer.

Now comes the question of again having these birds plentiful. It cannot be done in a day, nor must you expect it in a year.

There are some quail left. There may be a few on your farm. Protect them. They are worth gold dollars to you. Allow no hunting whatever. As you have seen, outside of hunting, the lack of shelter and feed during, and after winter storms, is the chief cause of the disappearance of this valuable bird!

How to Entice the Quail Back.

Place heaps of brush in the fence corners. Plant a Virginia Creeper, or Wild Cucumber seed, and instead of a brush heap, it will become a beauty spot. On the brush heaps you may place several forkfuls of buckwheat straw, unthrashed. This will mat together and make a perfect protection, as well as supply food. Tie a number of corn stalks around a small tree or stake, in a protected situation. Leave an opening facing south. Scatter oats, buckwheat, chaff, barn-sweepings, around, most of it inside the shelter, with a few leads running some distance each way. Do it now. Get the quail coming to the grain. When a storm comes, they will make for the shelter. Never neglect it, especially in stormy weather and particularly after sleet storms. Remember what it is worth to you.

In the spring, sow some buckwheat and rye in the fence corners, around your shelters. Let it ripen there. Quail are very fond of it and will remember it when the storms of winter prevent them feeding elsewhere. They, too, are most likely to breed near their winter feeding stations.

They May Become as Tame as Chickens.

The beautiful little Bob-White! Do you know that if they are protected, they will become almost as tame as chickens. They will wander amongst your potato patch and repay you many times over for the attention you have given them. And if they ever become too plentiful, why, quail on toast is hard to beat. Think it over. Poco bugs or quail — Which?

Ivor, Honorary Game Officer, M. B. C. A., Toronto.

Novel Headdress.

A novel headdress is designed for the woman or girl who has bobbed hair and no intention of letting it grow long. This is a bandeau of silver wire and brilliants which fits across the back of the head and forms up from it. The hair is brushed straight back from the forehead and its bushy ends drawn through the bandeau so that they flare at the back of the head. Bands of twisted silver or of dainty flower wreaths are shown for the woman who doesn't care for an elaborate headdress.

RIBBONS ARE IN THE LIMELIGHT

Colorful Strands Afford Bright Spots for Gowns, Cloaks and Millinery.

CONTRASTING TONES AN AID

Various Shades Supply Combinations That Lend Both Style and Attractiveness to Apparel for Women.

Ribbons have come into the limelight in fashion, observes a correspondent in the New York Times. There is hardly a costume without a display of colorful ribbon. The finish, the completion, the end and ambition of every gown, cloak and hat seems to be some bright spot of ribbon. It may be only a touch, a whole patch or a section composed of ribbons. But ribbons there are in quantity, and each of them seems more lovely than the last.

What has never occurred to designers in such numbers to use ribbon as decorative material for costumes in general is a mystery. Once they started on the ribbon way, the path seemed simple and straight. It developed as it was pursued with astonishing activity. Ribbons bloomed upon frocks with more and more beauty, and finally they have come to be almost a necessity.

Ribbons are used for trimming, for edging, for facings. They are used to finish the making of a gown. In some instances they almost constitute a frock, for the foundation is so unimportant and plain that when the ribbons are added they become the whole spirit of the frock.

On the Street Dress.

A street dress shows a series of loops of narrow ribbon strung all the way down the side of the skirt, where it opens to allow one to let one's self into the gown. This succession of loops weends its way down that side of the skirt where the dress opens and at the same time creates a section of trimming which, were it absent, would limit the effect the gown was destined to create. After that, the whole of the way round the gown is bound with the same ribbon, and the whole effect is one of studied design which is meant to place the frock in the forefranks of fashion as one of the leading characters in the drama of style.

The hat worn with this costume is an illustration of the way that ribbon can be used for a little turban. It is drawn tightly about the head and shapes itself to the contour of the face. Then it is ended by a bow that sags down over one side of the head and touches the neckline. The hat is made of two tones of gray taffeta ribbon and the bow hangs down to the grayness of the costume, which

Ribbon Trimming Reaches Down the Side of Street Frock Made of Duvetine.

is made of a combination of duvetine in light gray and ribbon bow appliques of a darker shade of gray corresponding with the darkest tone used in the making of the hat. The shoes worn with this costume are made of gray faced kid with a darker tone suede and worn with a darker tone gray stocking that blend with the whole makeup of the costume in the most salubrious manner.

All sorts of accessories include ribbon in either its wide or its narrow sense. These are the cabochons of brilliantly colored roses which adorn the waist lines of evening dresses and have long streamers of the narrow ribbons.

There are ribbon rosettes used for the adornment of waistlines of evening and afternoon gowns, and there are the streamers that fly from them as the trimming for the skirts of evening dresses which, without them, would not register in the forum of fashion to any great degree.

Blouses Made of Ribbon.

There are whole blouses made of ribbons, and others which use ribbon alone as their trimming, conforming the color and the weave of the ribbon to the material. There is a blouse made of taupe crepe de chine and trimmed with bars of ribbon formed from two tones of taupe grosgrain ribbon. One piece is turned under the other piece until the arrangement forms a checkwork of differing tones of the same color, and, in the end, there is an edging which provides a trimming varying enough from the surface of the blouse to set it off. In other words, the trimming and the material of the blouse blend together to form a harmonious whole, which is highly effective when combined with the skirt of a suit, or a costume suit, no matter how they may be gathered together.

There are dresses made entirely of ribbon. Some of these are sewn together from wide strips of brocaded or plain ribbons, and others use a portion of tulle to make up the foundation which happens to have ribbon for an accessory. There is a frock, for instance, which has a full tulle skirt of green made in many layers. One shade is superimposed upon another, and the whole makes a subtle bit of coloring accentuated by the band of wide gold and green brocaded ribbon which goes to make up the bodice arrangement. No matter if there are strings of brilliants over the shoulders to constitute the straps which hold the gown in place, there are interesting effects in the ribbon against the tulle which make up the gown as a creation.

Color has everything to do with modern fashions. Without it there is fo claim to style or attractiveness. Often the strip of ribbon added to a gown will help to give that touch of colorfulness without which the frock would count as nothing. Under the end of a bread sleeve there can be applied for edging the slightest bit of ribbon, and a strain of color will be added to keep the whole gown in tone. The absence of that same bit of ribbon would serve to throw the gown into obscurity, with no right to class itself among the present colorful elements of style.

Ribbons are used for streamers and for bows and sashes, and, twisted, they are used for girdles. They are quickened together in different colors or they are used in one color only and in varying widths. But in every instance everything has been done to bring them into the fore rank of fashions.

Used for Linings.

Ribbons are used in the most remarkable ways for linings. In some instances they are held together to form the whole lining of an evening wrap. The wrap itself may be of the least colorful of velvet—a dull purple or a dark blue or a red that is very dark. The lining discloses brilliance. There is possibly a brocaded ribbon with all the colors of the rainbow made for the lining of the dark velvet velvet wrap. And then, possibly, there is a collar, which is made of the same material as the lining and which forms a colorful and brilliant frame about the face.

There are one evening wrap of ermine lined with silver ribbon alternated with black. The silver was as wide as four or five inches, and the black was not more than an inch or two, but the two were fastened together so that they formed a series of stripes, running up and down on the lining, forming the reverse side of a handsome wrap that only carried out the feeling of the design by showing its lining against the clear whiteness of the ermine that formed the outside.

Little ribbons are used for the edgings of chiffon linings. They are held around the edges of the coat and quickened into insertions of the lining so that they will show the divergence of the line and the places where the fullness of the lining happens to take on a new expression for itself.

All around the edges of a blue and silver chiffon lining for a black lynx wrap there was fastened a tiny ribbon not more than a quarter of an inch in width. It was black as to its background, and there was woven into the narrowness of its surface a little blue-green, conventionalized figure that helped to set off the weave of the ribbon. All the way around the edge this narrow ribbon took its way, then traced a line between the deep shirred yoke of the lining and the skirt section of the wrap. At intervals, even in the skirt, there were sections of the ribbon inset to show how intricately the fullness of the ribbon was handled. In the end, the ribbon, as it was placed, became the most interesting feature of the lining.

Contrasting Tones of Grosgrain Ribbon Trim Taupe Crepe de Chine Blouse.

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN

Paisley and camel's hair jackets are numerous.

Gauntlet gloves are worn with practically all costume types.

Evening wraps have panel and vestment-like trimmings of brocade.

The Lenglen band for every wear is made of mailnes to match the hair.

Chiffon, cleverly cut and trimmer are the novelty furs most often seen.

Small hip-length coats of brown plaid are worn with street frocks of brown velour.

Beaded net tunics in gorgeous colors are worn over sheaths of silk or metal cloth.

Smart tailleurs of fashionable browns have panel linings and pipings in vivid color.

Long gold earrings triangular in shape, made of hammered gold, represent one of the latest novelties.

The lines of a handkerchief, tied around the neck or shoulders, have been adapted not only to day dresses, but one finds it carried out in evening frocks as well.

PUTS HEALTH AND VIM INTO WOMEN

So Says Mrs. MacPherson of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Brantford, Ontario.—"I was always tired and the least exertion would put me out for a day or two. I had a pressing pain on the top of my head, pain in the base of my back, and when I stooped over I could not get up without help, because of pain in my back. I did not sleep well, and was nervous at the least noise. I keep house, but I was such a wreck that I could not sweep the floor nor wash the dishes without lying down afterwards. A friend living near me told me what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound had done for her so I began to take it. With the first bottle I felt brighter and got so I could wash dishes and sweep without having to lie down. Later I became regular again in my monthly terms. I have taken ten bottles all told and am now all better. I can truly say that your wonderful medicine cannot be beaten for putting health and vim into a woman."—Mrs. JAMES H. MACPHERSON, 309 Greenwich St., Brantford, Ont.

If you are suffering from a displacement, irregularities, backache, or any other form of female weakness write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Cobourg, Ontario, for Lydia E. Pinkham's Private Text-Book upon "Ailments Peculiar to Women." C

IN VELVET GOWNS

Persian Printed Chiffon Fabric in Oriental Colors.

The Low-Waist Draped Style Is Now Replacing the One-Side Effects.

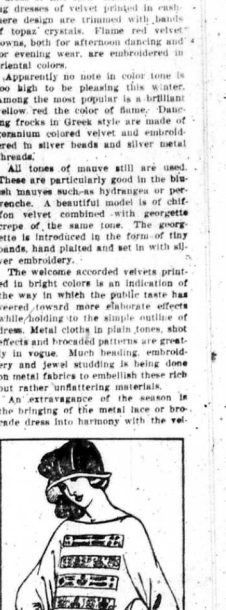
Evening dresses of the new Persian printed chiffon velvets made in the low-waist draped style are now replacing the one-side effects so much used during the last season, writes a fashion authority of the New York Tribune. The richness of fabric and the beauty of color lend great charm to a dress of this sort. Afternoon dancing dresses of velvet printed in cashmere design are trimmed in bands of topaz crystals. Flame red velvet gowns, both for afternoon dancing and for evening wear, are embroidered in oriental colors.

Apparently no note in color tone is too high to be pleasing this winter. Among the most popular is a brilliant yellow red the color of flame. Dancing frocks in Greek style are made of geranium colored velvet and embroidered in silver beads and silver metal threads.

All tones of mauve still are used. These are particularly good in the bluish mauves such as hydranges or perveche. A beautiful model is of cloth velvet combined with georgette crepe of the same tone. The georgette is introduced in the form of tiny bands, hand plaited and set in with silver embroidery.

The welcome accorded velvets printed in bright colors is an indication of the way in which the public taste has veered toward more elaborate effects while holding to the simple outline of dress. Metal cloths in plain tones, shot effects and brocaded patterns are greatly in vogue. Much beading, embroidery and jewel studding is being done on metal fabrics to embellish these rich but rather unflattering materials.

An extravagance of the season is the bringing of the metal lace or brocade dress into harmony with the vel-



Dance Frock of Flame Red Velvet, Embroidered in Oriental Colors.

vet evening mantle by introducing a full panel of the tissue of the costume into the wrap. For instance, a gown of metal lace may have a wrap made of a brilliant-hued velvet with a broad back panel of the lace or brocade. When the wrap is worn at the front the gown is revealed in the effect of a second panel. This is an attractive idea and gives a feeling of harmony between the gown and the wrap.

NO TIME LIKE THE PRESENT

To buy that

Diamond Engagement Ring or the Wedding Ring.

Diamonds mounted in all the popular settings.

Everything New in Jewellery

New Ear Rings just arrived at very Reasonable Prices.

F. W. Smith & Bro.

The old reliable Napanee Jewellery Store

At your service for 60 years.

Plain Talks - No. 9

THAT WOOD PILE

There ain't no poor in Napanee,
Hard times have changed to good,
The ones that lacked a little Wealth
Have died for want of wood.

Let's sell them wood, and "do" them good,
Said a few men of renown ;
For we can palm off anything
To the simple folks round town.

We find it cheaper yet to burn
Our carpets and our chairs
It finds a job for some poor soul,
And our fuel is less than their's.

So Councilmen of Napanee.
If your reasonings none too good,
Just get your heads together
Then we'll have lots of "wood."

DEAR PEOPLE :—

How's your winter's coal hanging out ? Ours is out altogether, but we are not buying much of this charity wood. Oh, no, we have faith, and hope yet to be spared enough sense to know a good thing when we see it. We try to buy economically, and at the same time do the fair thing.

Our Saviour said, "Go Feed the Flocks," so you'll pardon us for referring to the word (feed) ; feed it means (not fleece). Now people don't be offended at our little chat ; we want to keep you from geting the (blues), and remember one thing, "don't get your feet wet." We are still here and doing fine. If we can't keep your house warm we can at least make your feet feel happy. So when you're down town drop in and get warm by our (Hot Air System).

Boot & Shoe Hospital

Opposite Royal Hotel

FRED S. SCOTT

BARBER and TOBACCONIST

John St.

(One door south of Express Office.)

Everything clean and sanitary.

Satisfaction guaranteed.

We carry a full line of pipes, cigarettes and tobacco. Our prices are right

Bring your films to us. 25 years experience at developing and printing. Enlargements made on short notice. Mail orders will receive prompt attention.

Feet Hurt?

Come to our Foot Comfort Department and learn how hundreds of people suffering with corns, callouses, bunions and weak feet have been benefited by

Dr. Scholl's Foot Comfort Appliances and Remedies.

Let Our Foot Comfort Demonstrator Show You

For

Corns, Callouses, and Bunions

Use

Dr. Scholl's Zin Ox Pads.

They give **Instant Relief**

The Haines Shoe Houses

You don't need to bother with any "coupon"—just ask for a free box of Armand's Face Powder at WALLACE'S.

The best combination for breaking up a cold is Rikers' Cold Break-Ups, and Rikers' Syrup of Tar and Cod Liver Oil. For sale at WALLACE'S.

Hand picked ebony cube cannel coal for grate fires and furnace use, $17.00 per ton delivered.

17-b VANLUVEN'S COAL YARD.

Waterman's Fountain Pens and Ink, at WALLACE'S.

New Low Shoes and Strap Slippers now being shown at WILSON'S SHOE STORE.

On Sunday night Messrs. Fisher & Hanley closed a series of services in the first Methodist Church, Waterloo, Iowa, and reached Napanee at 4 o'clock today. Their home will be with Mrs. T. A. Symington, John St. If the success and popularity of their campaigns at Batavia in January and London in February and Waterloo in March are an earnest of their work in Napanee in April, the expectations of the Grace Church people are amply justified.

The Easter services at St. Mary Magdalene's Church were attended by large congregations and were very bright and inspiring. There were very many communicants at both the morning services. Appropriate and beautiful music was well rendered by the choir, including Tour's Te Deum, and a very attractive setting of "Ye Choirs of New Jerusalem." In the morning Mr. Harold Barlett and in the evening Miss Georgie Robinson gave solo selections which were both of high merit and greatly enjoyed by all. The Altar was adorned with Easter lillies and the church and the services both were at their brightest. The Vicar was assisted by his father, Rev. A. H. Coleman, and preached themes suitable to the day.

BLIZZARD ON ATLANTIC.

Toll of Deaths Reported From Newfoundland Coast Towns.

ST. JOHN'S, Nfld., April 2.—The schooner Gordon Hollett sank off Cape Race within an hour after the crew had been removed to the steamer Sable, the latter vessel reported on her arrival here Sunday with mail from Louisburg, C.B. The Gordon Hollett was 65 days out of Cadiz for St. John's, salt-laden, when she foundered.

The schoone was damaged by ice while trying to work her way through the floes to this port, and on sighting the Sable, hoisted distress signals.

Captain Thrown, of the Gordon Hollett, reported his schooner's condition to the Sable and the crew was transferred without suffering discomfort. No other steamer was expected in that vicinity for many days.

Reports from outlying districts of Newfoundland brought the total deaths from Thursday's blizzard to six. In addition to three men previously reported frozen to death at Three Harbors, the loss of three became known Sunday.

John Tobin of Trepassey walked into a hole in the ice on Trepassey Harbor, near Cape Race and was drowned. Jacob Stoodley and Thos. Green, of Fortune Bay, disappeared while on their way to English Cove.

Service on the Newfoundland railway, suspended owing to the blizzard, has not been resumed as yet. Off the coast the storm is still raging. Many vessels remain frozen in the ice-fields and the sealing fleet reported by radio that it was unable to move owing to the ice pack.

JAPANESE PRINCE KILLED.

Royalty In Service Motor Accident In France.

BERNAY, April 2.—Prince Narihisa Kitashirakawa, brother-in-law of Emperor Yoshihito, of Japan, was killed, and his wife, Princess Fusako; Prince Yashuhiko Asaka, who also married a sister of the emperor and a lady-in-waiting, were seriously injured in an automobile accident on Sunday. The chauffeur of the car also was killed.

The accident occurred on the Herriers la Campanie Paris-Cherbourg road. The automobile was speeding at a high rate and had just passed another car on the road, when for some unknown cause, it suddenly swerved and dashed head-on into a tree and was completely wrecked.

Prince Kitashirakawa's face had been completely crushed in, and he expired in a few minutes. The chauffeur, Victor Deliat, a Frenchman, had been killed instantly. Princess Fusako suffered a fracture of the left leg and a deep wound in the head, while Prince Asaka sustained severe wounds in the face, a fractured jaw and a fractured thigh.

Prince Kitashirakawa was the son of the late Prince Yoshihisa. He married Princess Fusako, seventh daughter of the late Emperor Meiji, father of Emperor Yoshihito. The Prince was 36 years old. He was a major of artillery and went to Europe in 1919 for military inspection.

He was a major of artillery and resided in Tokio.

Prince Asaka is a major of infantry. He also is 36 years old. He is the eighth son of the late Prince Kuni and married Princess Nobuko, eighth daughter of Emperor Meiji.

Plunged Into Train.

WOODSTOCK, Ont., April 2. — A team of horses belonging to Bert Wickens, of East Zorra, ran away on Saturday and after dashing headlong into a passing train at Hickson Station, escaped without injury.

The team was standing in front of the cheese factory, and becoming frightened, made a bolt down the road. The Stratford passenger train was passing at the time and the team went headlong into the baggage car. The horses were tossed to one side and when the train passed on spectators rushed over expecting to find the horses dead. However, as they approached the horses jumped up again and made another effort to get away. The wagon and harness was badly smashed, but the horses, in some mysterious manner, escaped injury.

BIRTHS

Hudgins—At Selby, on Sunday, March 25th, 1923, to Mr. and Mrs. Percy Hudgins, Selby, a daughter.

DEATHS

Alcombrack—At Richmond, on Monday, April 2nd, 1923, Mary Alcombrack, aged 91 years, 7 months.

Smith—At Camden, on Thursday, March 22nd, 1923, William Smith, aged 57 years, 11 months.

Vanalstine—At Napanee, on Wednesday, March 28th, 1923, Wesley Vanalstine, aged 76 years, 10 months.

PERSONALS

Miss Helen Loyst, of Queen's University, spent Easter at home.

Miss Kathleen Daly, Toronto, is the guest of Dr. and Mrs. G. W. Morden.

Miss Maud Vanalstine is spending the week in Toronto.

The Misses Tierney, Toronto, spent Easter with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Tierney.

Mr. Smith, of the Collegiate staff, is spending the holidays at Markdale.

Mrs. E. Johnston, of Whitby, spent the week-end with her sister, Mrs. W. Vandebogart, "Richmond Farm."

Miss Helen Ferguson, Kingston, is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Jas. Douglas.

Miss Jackling, Rochester, N.Y., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Bartlett.

Miss Edythe K. Baker returned to Ottawa on Monday, after having spent Easter week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Baker, Centre street.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Corkill are spending Easter at Harriston.

Mr. Maurice Madden, North Bay, is visiting his father, Judge Madden.

Miss Williams, Oshawa, is the guest of Mrs. W. S. Herrington.

Misses Helen Davy and Norma Ballard are spending the holidays with relatives in Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Woodcock and Miss Laura Woodcock are spending the week with Mr. and Mrs. Green, Westport.

Mr. Morris Daly is home from Toronto University for the holidays.

Dr. and Mrs. Hollis, Toronto, are spending Easter with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hambly.

Miss Marie McNeill, Toronto, is spending the holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Richard McNeill.

The Misses Nesbit, Lindsay, are spending the week-end with friends in Napanee.

Mrs. W. R. Lott is spending Easter with her sisters in Toronto.

Misses Verder and Sweitzer, of East St. Louis, Ill., and Miss Winslow, of Boston, are guests at the Vicarage.

Mr. Percy Lewis, Switzerville, is visiting friends in Rochester, N. Y.

Miss Mildred Johnston, Toronto General Hospital, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Johnston, Sillsville.

Miss Gertrude Metzler is home from Toronto University for the holidays.

Mrs. W. J. Trenouth and Miss Sheridan are spending the holidays at Oshawa.

Miss Helen Herrington is spending Easter with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Herrington.

Miss Stewart, of the Collegiate staff, is spending the holidays in Consecon.

Mr. Murray, of the Collegiate staff, is spending the holidays at Delta.

Miss Mary Wilson, Toronto, is spending Easter with her father, Mr. Frank Wilson.

Miss Isabelle Kingleyside, is the guest of Mrs. F. S. Richardson.

Miss Edith Vine spent Easter in Peterborough, the guest of her sister, Mrs. Donaldson.

Miss Kathleen Robinson is spending the holidays with her grandfather at Roslin.

Mr. Harry Loucks, Toronto, is spending Easter with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Loucks.

Mrs. Harold Denison is spending a few days with her father, O. S. Ruttan, the Cedars, Napanee.

Miss Agnes Loyst is home from Peterborough Normal School for the holidays.

The Bishop of Ontario has appointed Rev. A. H. H. Coldeman to be Rural Dean of Lennox and Addington.

Mrs. F. S. Wartman entertained on Wednesday afternoon last —Cards.

Miss Marguerite Craig, Detroit, is spending Easter with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Craig.

Mr. and Mrs. U. J. Flach, Pembroke, spent a day last week with Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Wallace.

Miss Josephine Vrooman is visiting Miss Kathleen Curran at Orillia.

Messrs. Harold Bartlett, Rochester, N.Y., and Roy Bartlett, New York, are spending Easter with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Bartlett.

Mrs. W. S. Herrington leaves on Wednesday for a trip to England.

Misses J. E. Mair, V. McLaughlin, Florence Hall, Miss Hawley and Mr. W. J. Trenouth are taking in the teacher's excursion to Washington.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Ming, Ottawa, are guests of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Dr. Ming and Mr. and Mrs. H. Perry.

Mr. Will Shorey, Toronto, spent Easter with friends at Newburgh.

Mr. Jack Sharpe spent Easter in Belleville.

Mr. Chas. Conger was home from Toronto for the week-end.

Miss Fannie McAuley, Selby, is spending Easter with friends in Toronto.

Mrs. Wm. Kimmerly, Toronto, is spending a few days with friends in Napanee.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Graham, Oshawa, spent Easter with his mother in Napanee.

Miss Eva Young spent Easter with Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Kimmett, Roblin.

Mr. J. F. Tilley, Toronto, spent Easter with Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Herrington.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Diamon, Batavia, N.Y., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Carnahan.

Miss Muriel Shannon, Miss Gergie Robinson, Miss Margaret Daly, Miss Marjorie Trumpour, Miss Mildred Brown and Miss Helen Wallace are amoung the University students spending the holidays at their homes.

HAVE YOUR CORSETS FITTED THIS WEEK.

Miss Fitzgerald, is in our corset department to-day fitting Nemo corsets and brassieres. If you have a corset ailment of any kind, let Miss Fitzgerald advise you. You will find her a valuable information bureau, regarding the proper styles and fits in corsets and brassieres for all types of figures.

The "Nemo" corset is essentially a corset for the big women, the wonder-lift, the self-reducing, the lasticurve are all created to render certain services. The Circlet Brassiere is also a Nemo product, it beautifies as it encircles.

Consult Miss Fitzgerald, her advice is free.

Mickey Flanigan came home one day sniffing. "Ye got licked," cried his mother, with conviction.

"Naw I didn't, either Maw," Mickey reported. "But they was at our school to-day tryin' to find out if there was anything the matter with any of us, an' he says I got ad'noids."

"Ad'noids ? What's them?" Mrs. Flanigan demanded.

"They're things in your head, Maw, what has to be took out," said Mickey in a doleful tone.

"He's wrong," Mrs. Flanigan cried hotly, "an it's me that isn't afraid to tell 'im so. I fine-comb your head iv'ry Saturday night, and it's niver a ad'noid kin I find."

—Ohio Legionaire.

Featuring Two Styles From Our $20.00 Coat Values

We have 3 more Styles and 6 Colors in the lot.

We speak advisedly when we say, "That the styles of our $20.00 Coats are direct copies of much higher priced garments." This fact is forcibly expressed in the swing of the back, the straighter line, in the cut, fit and finish of these coats.

All styles are made from all wool Velour of extraordinary good quality, its a grade that we can sell you with our usual guarantee of satisfactory service, its a quality you will be glad to wear.

Each coat comes all sleeve and half body lined with tussah silk in brocaded patterns or in a plain self stripe sateen.

Stitching in complimentary colors is the chief means of ornamentation. It is applied in most unusual manner.

These coats should prove splendid for school-girls as well as business women.

Colors of Sponge, Sand, Beaver, Doe, Trapock, Reindeer.

All sizes, 16 Misses to 44 Women's.

YOUR CHOICE OF THESE EXCEEDINGLY SMART HATS SATURDAY FOR $3.79 EACH

Styles that Sell Regularly at $4.50, $4.95, $5.50.

The woman who has not as yet purchased her spring hat should hail with delight this splendid buying opportunity which has been especially prepared for Saturday.

We have chosen these hats from our range of spring hats because of their smartness and individuality of style, because they are hats which you can wear right away with suit or wrap.

The shapes vary from small, through medium to large sizes and are made from mohair, haircloth and satin. The styles are particularly suited for all ages from school girls to matrons.

Black, Navy, Brown, Sand, Grey are the leading colors.

We would particularly stress this important fact, "That these hats will be obtainable only Saturday, April 7th, at $3.79 each. Afterwards any that are left go back to original values. See window display.

OUR STOCK OF CHILDREN'S COATS IS NOW COMPLETE

It is Varied in Styles, Materials and Colors.

Sizes From 4 to 14 Years.

In every way these Coats are as smart as any collection of coats we have ever shown. In some respects they follow the general spring silhouette, created for Mothers' coats. Some are loose back, others are belted, others have pleats and still others are tailored just like the fashionable English Burberry coats.

"Velour" is employed in to make the more expensive numbers.

"Polo" is used to make coats not quite so high in price.

"Tweed" has been chosen for still lower priced coats.

Every garment is beautifully finished, which bespeaks fine workmanship from collar to hem.

Navy Blue Cheviot Reefers in sizes 4, 5 and 6 years are priced $4.75 each.

Tweeds are priced $7.50 and $9.75, all sizes.

Polos are priced $6.50 to $15.00, all sizes.

Velours are priced $9.75 to $17.50, all sizes.

FROM FRIDAY, APRIL 6TH TO FRIDAY, APRIL 13TH WILL BE SILK WEEK AT ROBINSON'S

The latest ideas in silken fabrics will be on display and sale.

Very attractive prices will be in evidence.

We want you to see the beautiful collection of silks that we have gathered together for the coming season. Many new weaves will be shown for the first time, gorgeous colorings being a pleasing item of the display. You cannot afford to miss this splendid opportunity of viewing what will be fashionable.

TAPESTRY RUGS

For forty long years carpet manufacturers have tried to invent a carpet to replace the tapestry carpet. All efforts so far have proved a failure. You can buy a lower priced rug or a higher priced one, but if you want a medium priced rug, Tapestry stands in a class all alone, has no competitor. We have in stock a great variety of up-to-date patterns and all the leading stock sizes, such as 2¼ x 3, 2½ x 3, 3 x 3, 3 x 3½ and 3 x 4. The prices are $14.50 to $28.50. No low-grade quality in stock.

COLORED SCOTCH MADRAS

These goods are very extensively used for over curtains. Nothing quite so good for the price. We carry in stock a great variety of color combinations such as Green and Gold, Blue and Gold, Black and Rose, Rose and Gold, Grey and Gold, also plain colors in Green, Brown, Blue, Rose and Tan. The prices are 90c., $1.25, $1.35, $1.50, $1.75, $2.00, $2.95 and $4.00 per yard. The widths are 36, 50 and 54 inches. Ask to see our silk Madras at $2.00 per ya rd, 50 inches wide, very special value. We carry in stock fringes to match all colors.

MEN'S WORK SHIRTS

Spring we hope will soon be here, and with its coming Men will be needing some good reliable Work Shirts.

We are showing some wonderful values. In fact we have three lines at $1.00, which we consider are top notch values.

Let us show you these lines as well as the better ones.

Other prices 89c., $1.50 and $2.00.

PARTICULARLY GOOD VALUES IN MEN'S CASHMERE HOSE

Pure wool, Canadian and English makes. Black, Navy, Purple, Grey and Brown. 50c., 59c., 75c.

SPLENDID VALUES

In Men's Flannelette Pyjamas, Men's Flannelette Night Robes, Men's White Cotton Night Robes. Our spring stock is here.

"PELL," the new Arrow Spring Collar has arrived. A splendid style for Spring and Summer wear. All sizes in stock.

SPECIAL—A YOUNG MAN'S SPRING WEIGHT TOP COAT

Made from an all wool coating in a Fawn mixture herringbone stripe, three button, single breasted, raglan, buttoned through, very loose back, sleeves stitched two rows at cuffs, lower patch pockets with flaps. Excellent tailoring, a splendid fitter.

One of the season's most popular Top Coats for young men, priced at $35.00.

Other models in Young Men's Top Coats at $20.00, $22.50, $25.00, $30.00 and $31.50.

Quality, Service, Value.

THE ROBINSON CO., LIMITED

We close at 10 p.m. Saturdays. Other days at 5.30 p.m.